

# FEDERAL REGISTER



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## TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

### Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

#### Subchapter A—Civil Air Regulations

[Supp. 18]

#### PART 42—IRREGULAR AIR CARRIER AND OFF-ROUTE RULES

#### RECENT FLIGHT EXPERIENCE REQUIREMENTS FOR PILOTS

This supplement provides minimum standards for the guidance of air carriers in giving equipment checks and instrument checks to its pilots. The supplement also states objectives of the Administrator's agents and the air carriers' check pilots in conducting and observing instrument checks and specifies the types of aircraft to be used in conducting equipment examinations and instrument checks.

Sections 42.44-1 and 42.44-2, as published on November 22, 1949, in 14 F. R. 7039 are revised, and §§ 42.44-3 and 42.44-4 are adopted to read as follows:

§ 42.44-1 *Equipment check (CAA policies which apply to § 42.44 (d) (2))—(a) General.* (1) The equipment check for pilots on large aircraft, other than pilots in command, should consist of (i) an equipment examination (oral or written) and (ii) a flight check.

(2) The equipment check for pilots in command on large aircraft need only consist of the equipment examination, since a pilot in command should successfully accomplish all of the instrument checks prescribed in § 42.44-2.

(b) *Equipment examination for all pilots.* This examination, which may be oral or written, should be pertinent to the type of aircraft to be flown by the pilot and should be given (1) in the air carrier's ground school, (2) during a routine line check, (3) during the flight phase of the equipment check, or (4) during the instrument checks prescribed in § 42.44-2. The examination should include, but need not be limited to, questions relative to engine power settings, stall speeds at various configurations and weights, airplane placard speeds, critical engine failure speeds, control systems, fuel and lubrication systems, propeller and supercharger operations, hydraulic systems, electric systems, anti-icing, heating and venti-

lating, and pressurization system (if pressurized)

(c) *Flight check for pilots other than pilots in command.* This check should include at least the following items, but no maneuvers need be accomplished solely by reference to instruments. It may be given during any flight which is of at least one hour duration.

(1) *Preflight planning.* The pilot should be directed to execute a flight plan for the flight involved, including the interpretation of weather maps, upper air charts, and sequence reports.

(2) *Taxiing, sailing, or docking.* Attention should be directed to (i) the manner in which the pilot conducts taxiing, sailing, or docking with reference to the taxi instruction as issued by airport traffic control or other traffic control agency, (ii) any taxi instruction which may be published in the air carrier's operations manual, and (iii) general regard for the safety of the air carrier's and other equipment which may be affected by taxiing, sailing, or docking operation.

(3) *Run-up.* Attention to detail in the use of cockpit check list and cockpit procedure should be observed on all flight checks.

(4) *Take-off.* The check pilot should observe the pilot's ability to maintain a constant heading during the take-off run, his proficiency in using or directing the use of power, flaps, and gear operation, during the critical period between take-off (off ground) and reaching five hundred feet. If it becomes necessary for the pilot occupying the other control position to give other than routine assistance after becoming airborne, the maneuver should be considered as unsatisfactory.

(5) *Climbs and climbing turns.* Climbs and climbing turns should be performed in accordance with the airspeeds and power settings as prescribed by the air carrier or those set forth in the airplane flight manual. The use of proper climb speeds and designated rates of climb should be considered in determining the satisfactory performance of this phase of the equipment check flight.

(6) *Navigational facilities.* The pilot should be directed to use all en route navigational facilities in the proper sequence. Attention should be given to

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the pilot's ability to use all available airplane navigational equipment.

(7) *Loop orientation.* The pilot should be directed to obtain an en route position by the use of the radio compass. Attention should be given to the time involved in obtaining the fix and accuracy with which the airplane position is established on a proper chart.

(8) *Landing under regular approach conditions.* Landing under regular approach conditions should necessitate a path of flight around the landing area of not more than a 180° turn but not less than a 90° turn. The pilot should be judged on the basis of altitude and airspeed control and his ability to maneuver to a normal landing.

(9) *Judgment.* The pilot should demonstrate judgment commensurate with experience required of a pilot in command of air carrier aircraft.

(d) *Pilot records.* A record of the equipment check, including a report of any pilot deficiencies, should be maintained in the file of each pilot.

(1) The records of pilots, other than pilots in command, should include (i) the date, method used and grade received on the equipment examination set forth in paragraph (b) of this section and (ii) the date and grade received on the flight check set forth in paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) The records of pilots in command should include (i) the date, method used and grade received on the equipment examination set forth in paragraph (b) of this section and (ii) the date and grade received on the instrument checks prescribed in § 42.44-2.

§ 42.44-2 *Instrument checks (CAA policies which apply to § 42.44 (a) (3))*—

(a) *General.* A pilot in command on any large aircraft should successfully accomplish the instrument checks set forth in this section. Each pilot required under § 42.43 (c) to qualify as a pilot in command should successfully accomplish these instrument checks. The checks to be accomplished, and the observations to be made by the examining check pilot, are described as follows:

(b) *Taxiing, sailing, or docking.* Attention should be directed to (1) the manner in which the pilot in command conducts taxiing, sailing, or docking with reference to the taxi instruction as issued by airport traffic control or other traffic control agency, (2) any taxi instruction which may be published in the air carrier's operations manual, and (3) general regard for the safety of the air carrier's and other equipment which may be affected by taxiing, sailing, or docking operation.

(c) *Run-up.* Attention to detail in the use of cockpit check list and cockpit procedure should be observed on all instrument check flights.

(d) *Take-off.* Whenever practicable, the pilot being examined should execute a take-off solely by reference to instruments, or at the option of the check pilot, a contact take-off may be made following which instrument conditions should be simulated at or before reaching 100 feet with the subsequent climb conducted solely by reference to instruments. The check pilot should observe the pilot's ability to maintain a constant heading during the take-off run, his proficiency in handling power, flap and gear operation during the critical period between take-off (off ground) and reaching five hundred feet. If it becomes necessary for the check pilot to give other than routine assistance after becoming airborne, the maneuver should be considered as unsatisfactory.

(e) *Climbs and climbing turns.* Climbs and climbing turns should be performed in accordance with the airspeeds and power settings as prescribed by the air carrier or those set forth in the "Airplane Flight Manual." The use of proper climb speeds and designated rates of climb should be considered in determining the satisfactory performance of this phase of the instrument check flight.

(f) *Steep turns.* Except as provided hereinafter, steep turns should consist of at least forty-five degrees of bank. The turns should be at least 180° of duration, but need not be more than 360°. Smooth control application, and ability to maneuver aircraft within prescribed limits, should be the primary basis for judging performance. When information is available on the relation of increase of stall speeds versus increase in angle of bank, such information should be reviewed and discussed. As a guide, the tolerances of 100 feet plus or minus a given altitude should be considered as acceptable deviation in the performance of steep turns. Consideration may be given to factors other than pilot proficiency which might make compliance with the above tolerances impractical. For example, where the range of vision from the safety observer's position is

obstructed in certain types of aircraft while in a steep left turn, the degree of left bank in such instances may be reduced to not less than thirty degrees.

(g) *Maneuvers (minimum speeds)* Maneuvers at minimum speed should be accomplished while using the prescribed flap settings as set forth in the Airplane Flight Manual. In addition, attention should be directed to airplane performance as related to use of flaps versus clean configuration while operating at minimum speeds. Attention should be directed toward the pilot's ability to recognize and hold minimum controllable airspeed, to maintain altitude and heading, and to avoid unintentional approaches to stalls.

(h) *Approach to stalls.* Approach to stalls should be demonstrated from straight flight and turns, with and without power. An approach to stall should be executed in landing or approach configuration. The extent to which the approach to stall will be carried and the method of recovery utilized should be dictated by the type of aircraft being flown, its reaction to stall conditions, and the limitation established by the air carrier. Performance should be judged on ability to recognize the approaching stall, prompt action in initiating recovery, and prompt execution of proper recovery procedure for the particular make and model of aircraft involved.

(i) *Propeller feathering.* Propeller feathering should be performed. Such propeller feathering should be accomplished in accordance with instructions set forth by the air carrier and be exercised at sufficient altitude to insure adequate safety for the performance of the operation. The pilot's ability to maintain altitude, directional control, and satisfactory airspeed should be demonstrated in accomplishing this maneuver. The manner in which the pilot manages his cockpit during propeller feathering should also be noted.

(j) *Maneuvers (one or more engines out).* When performing maneuvers (one or more engines out) the aircraft should be maneuvered with a loss of fifty per cent of its power units, such loss to be concentrated on one side of the aircraft. The loss of these power units may be simulated either by retarding throttles or by following approved feathering procedures. The pilot in command should be required to maintain headings and altitude and to make moderate turns both toward and away from the dead engine or engines. Proficiency should be judged on the basis of the pilot's ability to maintain engine-out airspeed, heading and altitude; to trim the airplane; and to adjust necessary power settings.

(k) *Rapid descent and pull-out.* This maneuver should consist of the following steps: While the aircraft is under the normal approach configuration and being flown at a predetermined altitude, it will be assumed that the aircraft has arrived at a navigational fix and is cleared to descend immediately to a lower altitude. (The lower altitude should be one which permits a descent of at least 1,000 feet.) Upon reaching

the lower altitude, the aircraft should be recovered from the rapid descent and flown on a predetermined heading and altitude for a predetermined period of time. At the end of the time interval, an emergency pull-out should be executed which will involve a change in direction of at least 180°. Performance should be judged on the basis of ability to establish a rapid descent at constant airspeed, stopping the descent at the minimum altitude specified without going below it, holding heading and altitude, and smooth pull-up and climb.

(l) *Ability to tune radio.*<sup>1</sup>

(m) *Orientation.*<sup>1</sup>

(n) *Beam bracketing.*<sup>1</sup>

(o) *Cone identification.*<sup>1</sup>

(p) *Loop orientation.*<sup>1</sup>

(q) *Approach procedures.* An approach procedure should be made in the aircraft on the let-down aid for which the lowest minimums are authorized and include, where possible, holding patterns and air traffic control instructions which might be used by the pilot in day-to-day operations. In case a particular air carrier is authorized its lowest landing minimums on a let-down aid which is not installed at locations where the air carrier's pilots are based, the air carrier should conduct the instrument check flights at locations where such an aid is installed. If at the time of the instrument check flight the let-down aid affording the lowest minimums is not in operation at the point the check is given, the landing aid which affords the next lowest minimums authorized should be used. In this case the approach on the aid affording the lowest minimums may be conducted in a simulator or other approved type trainer. All other approaches which a particular air carrier is authorized to use, such as ADF<sup>1</sup> LF/MR range, VOR, and VAR, may be conducted in a simulator or other approved type trainer. If these approaches (ADF<sup>1</sup> LF/MR range, VOR, and VAR) are not performed in a simulator or other approved type trainer, they should be accomplished during the instrument check flight. A record should be maintained in the pilot's file which will indicate the date that the approaches were performed and the grade received.

(r) *Missed approach procedures.* (See paragraph (s) of this section)

(s) *Traffic control procedures.* Missed approach procedures and traffic control procedures should be accomplished in a manner satisfactory to the examining check pilot. The degree of satisfactory or unsatisfactory performance should be predicated on the pilot's ability to maneuver the aircraft while performing these procedures, and to follow instructions either verbal or written which may be pertinent to the accomplishment of these procedures. Paragraphs (r) and (s) of this section may be accomplished

while performing paragraph (q) of this section.

(t) *Cross-wind landing.* A cross-wind landing should be performed when practicable. Traffic conditions and wind velocities will dictate whether a cross-wind landing is practicable. Performance should be judged on the technique used in correcting for drift on final approach, judgment in the use of flaps, and directional control during roll-out.

(u) *Landing under regular approach conditions.* Landing under regular approach conditions should necessitate a path of flight around the landing area of not more than a 180° turn but not less than a 90° turn. The pilot should be judged on the basis of altitude and airspeed control and his ability to maneuver under the minimum ceiling and visibility conditions prescribed.

(v) *Take-offs and landings (with engine(s) failures)* If it is consistent with safety, traffic patterns, local rules and laws, a simulated engine failure should be experienced during take-off. The simulated failure should occur at any time after the aircraft has passed the V<sub>1</sub> speed pertinent to the particular take-off and when practicable before reaching 300 feet. When performing the landing, the aircraft should be maneuvered to a landing while utilizing 50 per cent of the available power units. The simulated loss of power should be concentrated on one side of the aircraft. The pilot's ability to satisfactorily perform this maneuver should be evaluated in the manner stated under paragraph (i) of this section.

(w) *Judgment.* The pilot should demonstrate judgment commensurate with experience required of a pilot in command of air carrier aircraft.

(x) *Emergency procedures.* The emergency procedures should be applicable to the type of aircraft being flown and in accordance with the emergency procedures prescribed by the air carrier. A record should be maintained in the pilot's file which will list the emergency procedures accomplished, date performed, and grade received.

§ 42.44-3 *Aircraft used in instrument checks (CAA policies which apply to § 42.44 (a) (3))* (a) Where a pilot in command is scheduled to fly only one type of land aircraft or one type of seaplane, he should be given his instrument checks in that type of aircraft he is scheduled to fly.

(b) Where a pilot in command is scheduled to fly more than one type of land aircraft and/or seaplane, his instrument competency should be checked in all types of aircraft he is scheduled to fly. However, the following exceptions should be allowed:

(1) If a pilot is scheduled to fly two-engine, three-engine, and four-engine aircraft or any combination thereof, and/or more than one type of such aircraft, he should take his instrument checks in one of the larger and more complicated types of aircraft; or if only one of the smaller type aircraft is available, he should take his instrument checks immediately due in that aircraft, but his next instrument checks should

be accomplished in one of the larger and more complicated type of aircraft.

(2) If a pilot is scheduled to fly both land aircraft and seaplanes, his instrument checks should include a demonstration of competency in both land aircraft and seaplane in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 42.44-4 *Use of flight simulator in instrument checks (CAA policies which apply to § 42.44 (a) (3))* An air carrier using a flight simulator in its pilot training program may be approved to utilize such a device for certain maneuvers in conducting instrument checks when (a) the training device accurately simulates the flight characteristics and the performance of the applicable aircraft through all ranges of normal and emergency operation, (b) a description of the maneuvers to be conducted in the simulator, other than those specifically authorized in paragraphs (l) (m), (n), (o) (p) and (q) of § 42.44-2, is submitted to the Washington Office for approval by the region in which the headquarters of the air carrier is located, and (c) certain critical maneuvers which demonstrate the instrument proficiency of a pilot are executed in an aircraft of the type flown by the pilot in air carrier service. The proficiency flight in the aircraft should include at least maneuvers (minimum speed) approach procedures, handling under regular approach conditions, and take-off and landings, with engine failures as outlined in § 42.44-2, paragraphs (g), (q), (u), and (v) respectively.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 604, 52 Stat. 1010, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 554)

These policies shall become effective April 25, 1953.

[SEAL]

F. B. LEE,  
Acting Administrator  
of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2918; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

## TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

### Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

#### Subchapter C—Loans, Purchases, and Other Operations

#### PART 610—DAIRY PRODUCTS

#### SUBPART—MILK AND BUTTERFAT PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAM

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has announced a price support program for milk and butterfat for the marketing year April 1953 through March 1954, through purchases by Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) of dairy products as provided herein.

§ 610.140 *Price support program for milk and butterfat.* (a) The general levels of prices to producers for milk and butterfat will be supported from April 1, 1953, through March 31, 1954, at \$3.74 per hundredweight for manufacturing

<sup>1</sup> Paragraphs (l), (m), (n), (o), and (p) of this section may be accomplished during a routine line check, or in a simulated or synthetic trainer, or during the instrument check flight. A record should be maintained in the pilot's file which should indicate the date, method utilized, and grade received in the performance of these items.

milk at 3.95 percent butterfat (yearly average test) and 67.3 cents per pound for butterfat.

(b) Price support of milk and butterfat will be through purchases by CCC of butter, nonfat dry milk solids, and cheddar cheese offered by manufacturers and

handlers, subject to the terms and conditions of purchase announcements issued by the Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. CCC will consider offers for such products at the following prices:

Commodity	Description	Market location	Unit	Price
Butter	U. S. Grade A or higher	Chicago	Pound	\$2.075
Do.	do	New York	do	.029
Do.	do	San Francisco	do	.029
Do.	do	Seattle	do	.029
Do.	U. S. Grade B	Chicago	do	.025
Do.	do	New York	do	.042
Do.	do	San Francisco	do	.042
Do.	do	Seattle	do	.042
Cheddar cheese	U. S. Grade A or higher standard moisture basis	United States	do	.569
Nonfat dry milk solids	Spray process	do	do	1.000
Do.	Roller process	do	do	1.000

Offers to sell butter at any point other than the four markets designated in this paragraph will be considered at the price set forth in this paragraph for the designated market named by the seller, less 80 percent of the lowest published domestic railroad carlot freight rate per pound gross weight from such point to such designated market.

(c) The butter shall be salted creamery butter of U. S. Grade B or higher, solid-packed in commercial containers. The nonfat dry milk solids shall be U. S. Extra Grade (except that maximum moisture content shall be 3½ percent), packed in export containers. The Cheddar cheese shall be U. S. Grade A or higher, packed in commercial domestic containers.

(d) The products purchased shall be produced and located in the continental United States. Purchases will be made in units of not less than tariff minimum carlots for the area where the product is located. Grades and weights shall be evidenced by inspection certificates issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended; 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714b. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, sec. 201, 63 Stat. 1052; 15 U. S. C. Sup. 714c, 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1446)

Issued this 2d day of April 1953.

[SEAL] HOWARD H. GORDON,  
Executive Vice President,  
Commodity Credit Corporation.

Approved:

JOHN H. DAVIS,  
President,  
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2944; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:50 a. m.]

## TITLE 26—INTERNAL REVENUE

### Chapter I—Bureau of Internal Revenue, Department of the Treasury

#### Subchapter C—Miscellaneous Excise Taxes

[T. D. 6002; Regs. 10]

#### PART 185—WAREHOUSING OF DISTILLED SPIRITS

#### REVISED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF FORM 1520 AND FORM 1619

1. Sections 185.588, 185.590, 185.600, 185.601 and 185.695 of Regulations 10, "Warehousing of Distilled Spirits" (26

CFR Part 185; 15 F. R. 5233, as amended, are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 185.588 *Method of determination.* When packages of spirits are to be individually gauged for withdrawal from the warehouse, the actual tare of the package will be determined: *Provided*, That the average increase in tare may be determined and used to establish the tare at the time of gauge for withdrawal where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Assistant District Commissioner<sup>1</sup> (a) that, due to shortage of critical materials, the proprietor has been unable to install bulk gauging tanks for gauging distilled spirits dumped from packages, as provided in Subpart cc, (b) that the volume of taxpaid withdrawals is not sufficient to justify the installation and use of bulk gauging tanks, or (c) that, in the case of small lots, it is not feasible to dump the spirits into bulk gauging tanks of large capacities. Written application to use the average tare method of gauging distilled spirits for taxpayment will be made to the Assistant District Commissioner by the warehouseman.

(53 Stat. 375; 26 U. S. C. 3176)

§ 185.590 *Average tare method.* This method of determining tare may be used only for lots of spirits of the same kind and cooerage warehoused within a period of ten days of each other at proofs not differing more than 10 percent. Packages which have been changed in cooerage to prevent loss or to change the kind of cooerage may not be included as a part of a lot containing packages not so changed, even though all packages involved contain the same kind of spirits originally warehoused within the same ten days at proofs not differing more than 10 percent. The average increase in tare for a lot of spirits will be established by finding the actual tare, as described in § 185.589, for not less than 20 percent of the packages to be gauged for withdrawal, and determining the actual increase in tare for such packages. Where the average tare method is used, however, no rinsing of packages will be permitted. The words "Average tare taken" will be entered

<sup>1</sup> Denotes the Assistant District Commissioner, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax, pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1953 (17 F. R. 2243).

conspicuously on Form 1520 by the proprietor and the number of packages to be used as a basis for the determination will be stated thereon as 20 percent, 25 percent, 33½ percent, or 50 percent, of those to be withdrawn. The packages to be used for the determination will be selected at random by the storekeeper-gauger. Where application of the percentage to the number of packages to be withdrawn results in a fraction, the fraction will be counted as an additional package. Not less than two packages may be weighed to determine the average increase in tare of any lot of five packages or less. The actual tare found will be entered by the storekeeper-gauger on Form 1520 for those packages for which it was determined, and an asterisk (\*) will be placed to the left of the serial number of such packages. The actual increase in tare of each such package will be noted in the proper column of Form 1520 by the storekeeper-gauger, who will add these increases together and divide by the number of packages weighed to determine the average increase in tare to be applied to the other packages of the lot to be withdrawn. If the average increase so found contains a fraction of a pound less than twenty-five hundredths (0.25) it will be dropped; if twenty-five hundredths (0.25) or any intermediate fraction to and including seventy-five hundredths (0.75) it will be called one-half pound; if above seventy-five hundredths (0.75) it will be called 1 pound. The average increase in tare thus ascertained will be regarded as the increase of each of the remaining packages enumerated in the application for withdrawal and will be added to the entry tare of each such package to determine the withdrawal tare.

(53 Stat. 375; 26 U. S. C. 3176)

§ 185.600 *Application, Form 179.* Application for taxpayment and withdrawal of distilled spirits in packages from a bonded warehouse shall be made by the proprietor on Form 179, in quadruplicate. Unless the packages are to be withdrawn on the original gauge, the proprietor will indicate on the form the method of gauge desired, i. e., whether actual or average tare, or whether all packages of the lot will be dumped in a gauging tank for bulk gauge and subsequent removal by pipe line or in packages under the provisions of §§ 185.620 to 185.636. If the proprietor elects an individual gauge of each package, he shall also indicate on the Form 179 whether he desires the packages to be rinsed before the spirits are gauged or whether he desires to taxpay without rinsing. If the packages are not rinsed before gauging, recovery of spirits by rinsing of the packages at the time of dumping for bottling or rectification will be precluded. The proprietor's elections as to method of gauge and whether the packages will be rinsed may not be changed once gauging of the spirits has begun. Where the spirits are to be drawn into packages from a storage tank, the proprietor shall state, in addition to other applicable data on the form, the estimated quantity to be withdrawn. Separate applications shall be filed for the withdrawal of spirits from storage tanks. Likewise a separate ap-



plication shall be filed for each lot of spirits in packages dumped for bulk gauge in a gauging tank in accordance with § 185.620. All copies of the application will be delivered to the storekeeper-gauger at the warehouse.

(53 Stat. 298 as amended, 335, 373 as amended, 375; 26 U. S. C. 2800, 2882, 3170, 3176)

§ 185.601 *Preparation of Form 1520.* Except where spirits are to be withdrawn in packages filled from warehouse storage tanks at the time of withdrawal, the proprietor will prepare Form 1520, in quintuplicate, covering the packages shown in the application, Form 179. The proprietor will enter in the heading of the Form 1520 all the information called for and will show as to each package the necessary details of the entry gauge in the columns headed "Serial Nos. of Packages or Tank Cars," "Kind of Spirits," "Original Taxable Gallons," "Last Gauge," "Date of Original Entry for Deposit" and, if the packages are to be gauged by the average tare method, "Tare on Entry Gauge." If the "Last Gauge" was established by a Form 1698, the serial number of the form will be entered in columns 11 and 12. In the event a regauge is to be made upon withdrawal of packages which have remained in the warehouse for a period not exceeding 30 days from the date of the original gauge the proprietor will note on Form 1520 the reason for requesting a regauge. All copies of the Form 1520 will be delivered to the storekeeper-gauger with the Form 179.

(53 Stat. 335, 373 as amended, 375; 26 U. S. C. 2882, 3170, 3176)

§ 185.695 *Transfers in packages.* When the proprietor of the shipping warehouse desires to make shipment of spirits in original packages, or in packages previously filled from warehouse storage tanks, or of blended brandies in packages filled in the brandy-blending department, he will prepare an original and five copies of Form 1619 filling in the heading and giving details as to serial numbers of packages, date of original entry for deposit, original gauge and last gauge (if other than the original). In the case of blended brandies the proprietor shall also show on Form 1619 the date and serial number of the Form 1685 covering the blending of the brandies, the date of the original entry of the oldest brandy in the blend and the date of the original entry of the youngest brandy in the blend. The proprietor shall execute on the six copies of Form 236 a description of the packages to be transferred and will give all copies of Forms 236 and 1619 to the storekeeper-gauger. Upon receipt of the Forms 236 and 1619 the storekeeper-gauger will weigh and examine the packages and where it is determined that any package bears evidence of unusual loss that cannot be satisfactorily explained, or of tampering, such package will be detained pending further investigation in accordance with the applicable provisions of §§ 185.480 to 185.496. The storekeeper-gauger will enter the shipping gross weights on Form 1619. The quantity to be transferred shall not exceed the maximum stated in the ap-

plication. Upon withdrawal for transfer to noncontiguous premises, the word "Transferred" followed by the date of transfer, the number of the receiving warehouse, and the State in which such warehouse is located, will be plainly and durably stenciled on the Government head of the package in letters and figures not less than one-half inch in height. These marks may be abbreviated as follows:

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I. R. B. W. 4-N. Y.

Forms 236 and 1619 will be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of § 185.706.

(53 Stat. 300 as amended, 332, 375; 26 U. S. C. 2801, 2875, 3176)

2. The purposes of these amendments are (a) to amend the instructions contained in regulations relative to the recording of the original tare of packages of distilled spirits on Form 1520, "Report of Spirits Gauged," and Form 1619, "Report of Packages Transferred Between Bonded Warehouses," and (b) to clarify the intent of regulations with respect to packages which may be included in one lot when average tare is to be taken.

3. It is found that compliance with the notice and public rule-making procedure and effective date requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1001, et seq.) is unnecessary in connection with the issuance of these amendments for the reason that the changes made impose no additional requirements on the industry, but relate merely to agency procedure or clarify existing requirements.

4. This Treasury decision shall be effective upon its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(53 Stat. 298 as amended, 300 as amended, 332, 335, 373 as amended, 375; 26 U. S. C. 2800, 2801, 2875, 2882, 3170, 3176)

[SEAL] T. COLEMAN ANDREWS,  
*Commissioner of Internal Revenue.*

Approved March 31, 1953.

M. B. FOLSOM,  
*Acting Secretary of the Treasury.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2931; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:48 a. m.]

## TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

### Chapter III—Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, Department of Agriculture

[B. E. P. Q. No. 601]

#### PART 301—DOMESTIC QUARANTINE NOTICES

##### SUBPART—MEXICAN FRUITFLY

#### ADMINISTRATIVE INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRING STERILIZATION OF GRAPEFRUIT

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon the Chief of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine by § 301.64-4 (e) of the regulations supplemental to the Mexican fruitfly quarantine (7 CFR 301.64-4 (e)) administrative instructions to appear as § 301.64-4f in Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, are hereby issued to read as follows:

§ 301.64-4f *Administrative instructions requiring sterilization of grapefruit.* It is hereby required that effective 12:01 a. m., April 8, 1953, and continuing throughout the 1952-53 harvesting season, all grapefruit, as a condition of issuance of permits for interstate movement from the regulated area of Texas, shall be sterilized in accordance with the methods authorized in B. E. P. Q. 575, revised effective February 1, 1949 (7 CFR 1951 Supp. 301.64-4a)

Imposition of sterilization requirements is dependent upon the presence and development of Mexican fruitflies, which conditions cannot be predicted within narrow time limits. Mexican fruitflies are now present in such numbers in the Lower Rio Grande Valley that it has become necessary to impose the foregoing requirements for the sterilization of grapefruit as soon as possible. For the reasons stated, it is found upon good cause, pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003), that notice and public procedure on these administrative instructions are unnecessary, impracticable, and contrary to the public interest, and good cause is found for issuing these instructions effective less than thirty days after their publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Secs. 1, 3, 33 Stat. 1269, 1270, sec. 5; 37 Stat. 318; 7 U. S. C. 141, 143, 162)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 1st day of April 1953.

[SEAL] AVERY S. HOYT,  
*Chief, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2945; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:50 a. m.]

## TITLE 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

### Chapter I—Food and Drug Administration, Federal Security Agency

#### PART 141—TESTS AND METHODS OF ASSAY FOR ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIBIOTIC-CONTAINING DRUGS

#### PART 144—CERTIFICATION OF BATCHES OF DRUGS COMPOSED WHOLLY OR PARTLY OF INSULIN

##### MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

In Part 141, § 141.107 is revised in the following respects:

1. The section headnote is changed to read: "§ 141.107 *Streptomycin ointment, dihydrostreptomycin ointment; potency.*"

2. The headnote and the context of paragraph (a) remain the same, but the material following "(a) *Streptomycin content*" is not designated as subparagraph (1)

3. Subparagraph (2) is renumbered as paragraph (b). The headnote and the context remain the same.

4. In renumbered paragraph (b), the reference to "subparagraph (1) of this paragraph" should read "paragraph (a) of this section"

In Part 144, the following changes are made in § 144.6 *Labeling*:

1. The last two paragraphs in the section are renumbered as (h) and (i),

respectively. The context and subparagraph remain the same.

2. In § 144.6 (d) the parenthetical expression is changed to read: "(In addition to the information required by paragraphs (a) (b) and (c) or (i) of this section)"

(Sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055; 21 U. S. C. 371)

Dated: April 1, 1953.

[SEAL] OVETA CULP HOBBY,  
Federal Security Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2934; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:48 a. m.]

**PART 141—TESTS AND METHODS OF ASSAY  
FOR ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIBIOTIC-CONTAINING DRUGS**

**PART 146—CERTIFICATION OF BATCHES OF  
ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIBIOTIC-CONTAINING  
DRUGS**

**STREPTOMYCYLIDENE ISONICOTINYL  
HYDRAZINE SULFATE**

By virtue of the authority vested in the Federal Security Administrator by the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 507, 52 Stat. 1040, 1055, as amended by 59 Stat. 463, 61 Stat. 11, 63 Stat. 409; 21 U. S. C. 357) the regulations for tests and methods of assay for antibiotic and antibiotic-containing drugs (21 CFR, 1951 Supp. 141) and certification of batches of antibiotic and antibiotic-containing drugs (21 CFR, 1951 Supp. 146) are amended by adding the following new sections:

§ 141.121 *Streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate*—(a) *Potency*—(1) *Streptomycin content*. Dilute the sample with hydrochloric acid solution pH 1.5 to 1,000 micrograms per milliliter (estimated streptomycin activity). Heat at 50° C. for 30 minutes, cool rapidly and proceed as directed in § 141.101. The streptomycin potency of streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate is satisfactory if the immediate containers contain 90 percent of the streptomycin activity they are represented to contain.

(2) *Isonicotinic acid hydrazide content*—(i) *Reagents*. (a) Strong standard solution: Accurately weigh 100.0 milligrams of isonicotinic acid hydrazide and make to 100 milliliters with distilled water. The solution is stable if kept refrigerated.

(b) Dilute standard solution: Dilute an aliquot of the strong standard solution under (a) of this subdivision to a concentration of 10 micrograms per milliliter with distilled water. Prepare fresh daily.

(c) Para-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde solution: Add 6 grams para-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde U. S. P to 10 milliliters 12N HCl and 100 milliliters of anhydrous ethanol. Prepare fresh daily.

(d) 6N HCl.

(ii) *Procedure*. (a) *Standard curve*: Pipette 1, 2, 3, and 4 milliliter aliquots of the dilute standard solution described under subdivision (i) (b) of this subparagraph into test tubes. Add to each test tube 2 milliliters of the para-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde reagent described under subdivision (i) (c) of this

subparagraph, 1 milliliter of 6N HCl, and dilute each to 7 milliliters with distilled water. Allow the tubes to stand for 45 minutes in a boiling water bath. Cool the tubes to room temperature, transfer their contents quantitatively to 25-milliliter volumetric flasks, and make to volume with distilled water. Prepare a blank solution in the same manner, using 4 milliliters of distilled water, 2 milliliters of the para-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde reagent, and 1 milliliter of 6N HCl. Using a suitable spectrophotometer, determine the absorbencies of these solutions compared with the blank at 450 milli-microns.

(b) Dilute the solution of the sample that has been heated at 50° C. for 30 minutes as directed under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph to contain 10 micrograms isonicotinic acid hydrazide per milliliter (estimated). Use 3-milliliter

$$E \frac{1 \text{ percent}}{1 \text{ centimeter}} = \frac{(\text{optical density}) (20,000)}{\text{weight of sample in milligrams}}$$

(c) *Toxicity*. Proceed as directed under § 141.4, using as a test dose 0.5 milliliter of a solution containing 1,000 micrograms of streptomycin activity per milliliter.

(d) *Sterility*. Proceed as directed under § 141.2, using the equivalent of approximately 0.5 gram streptomycin activity, except that neither penicillinase nor the control tube is used in the test for bacteria.

(e) *Pyrogens, histamine, moisture, pH, and crystallinity*. Proceed as directed under §§ 141.104, 141.105, 141.106, and 141.5 (c)

§ 146.116 *Streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate*—(a) *Standards of identity, strength, quality, and purity*. Streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate is the crystalline sulfate compound of streptomycin and isonicotinic acid hydrazide. It is so purified and dried that:

(1) It contains not less than the equivalent of 583 micrograms of streptomycin per milligram and its isonicotinic acid hydrazide equivalent content is not less than 13.75 percent.

(2) It is sterile.

(3) It is nontoxic.

(4) It is nonpyrogenic.

(5) It contains no histamine nor histamine-like substance.

(6) Its moisture content is not more than 5 percent.

(7) Its pH in an aqueous solution containing the equivalent of 0.2 gram of streptomycin per milliliter is not less than 4.5 and not more than 7.5.

(8) Its extinction coefficient  $E \frac{1 \text{ percent}}{1 \text{ centimeter}}$  is not less than 150 at 260 millimicrons.

The streptomycin used conforms to the requirements of § 146.101 (a). The isonicotinic acid hydrazide used has a purity of not less than 98 percent and it has a melting point of not less than 169° C. and not more than 172° C.

(b) *Packaging*. It shall be packaged in accordance with the requirements of § 146.101 (b), except that each immediate container shall contain the equivalent

of not less than 1.0 gram of streptomycin.

(c) *Labeling*. It shall be labeled in accordance with the requirements of § 146.101 (c) except that in lieu of the labeling prescribed by subparagraph (1) (ii) of paragraph (c) each package shall bear on the outside wrapper or container and the immediate container the number of grams of equivalent streptomycin activity, the equivalent number of grams of isonicotinic acid hydrazide, and the number of grams of streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate in the immediate container, and its expiration date shall be 18 months after the month during which the batch was certified.

(d) *Request for certification, check tests and assays; samples*. (1) In addition to complying with the requirements of § 146.2, a person who requests certification of a batch shall submit with his request a statement showing the batch mark, the number of packages of each size in the batch, the number of grams of streptomycin, isonicotinic acid hydrazide, and streptomycylidene isonicotinyl hydrazine sulfate in each package and (unless it was previously submitted) the date on which the latest assay of the drug comprising such batch was completed. Such request shall be accompanied or followed by the results of tests and assays made by him on the batch for potency, sterility, toxicity, pyrogens, histamine content, moisture, pH, crystallinity, and extinction coefficient. If such batch or any part thereof is to be packaged with a solvent, such request shall also be accompanied by a statement that such solvent conforms to the requirements prescribed therefor by this section.

(2) If such batch is packaged for dispensing, such person shall submit in connection with his request an accurately representative sample of the batch, consisting of the following:

(i) For all tests except sterility; one immediate container for each 5,000 immediate containers in such batch, but in no case less than six or more than 12 immediate containers.

(ii) For sterility testing; 10 immediate containers.

Such sample shall be collected by taking single immediate containers at such intervals throughout the entire time of packaging the batch that the quantities packaged during the intervals are approximately equal.

(3), If such batch is packaged for repackaging or for use in the manufacture of another drug, such person shall submit with his request an accurately representative sample of the batch, consisting of the following:

(i) For all tests except sterility: six packages, each containing the equivalent of approximately 1 gram of streptomycin activity.

(ii) For sterility testing; 10 packages, each containing the equivalent of approximately 0.5 gram of streptomycin activity.

Each such package shall be taken from a different part of such batch, and each shall be packaged in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section.

(4) In connection with contemplated requests for certification of repackaged batches or batches of another drug in the manufacture of which it is to be used, the manufacturer of the batch which is to be so repacked or used may request the Commissioner to make check tests and assays on a sample of such batch, taken as prescribed by subparagraph (3) of this paragraph. From the information required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph may be omitted tests and results of assays not required for the batch when used in such other drug. The Commissioner shall report to such manufacturer results of such check tests and assays as are so requested.

(e) *Fees.* The fee for the services rendered with respect to each batch under the regulations in this part shall be:

(1) \$10.00 for each immediate container in the samples submitted in accordance with paragraph (d) (2) (i) (3) (i) and (4) of this section.

(2) If the Commissioner considers that investigations, other than examination of such immediate containers, are necessary to determine whether or not such batch complies with the requirements of § 146.3 for the issuance of a certificate, the cost of such investigations.

The fee prescribed by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph shall accompany the request for certification unless such fee is covered by an advance deposit maintained in accordance with § 146.8 (d).

This order, which provides for tests and methods of assay and certification of a new antibiotic drug, streptomycin isonicotiny hydrazine sulfate, shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, since both the public and the affected industry will benefit by the earliest effective date, and I so find.

Notice and public procedure are not necessary prerequisites to the promulgation of this order, and I so find, since it was drawn in collaboration with inter-

ested members of the affected industry and since it would be against public interest to delay providing for tests and methods of assay and certification of streptomycin isonicotiny hydrazine sulfate.

(Sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055; 21 U. S. C. 371)

Dated: April 1, 1953.

[SEAL] OVETA CULP HOBBY,  
Federal Security Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2933; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:48 a. m.]

## TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

### Chapter V—Department of the Army

#### Subchapter F—Personnel

#### PART 578—DECORATIONS, MEDALS, RIBBONS, AND SIMILAR DEVICES

##### MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. In § 578.3 (b) subparagraphs (1) (vii) and (2) are revised to read as follows:

§ 578.3 *Awards of decorations.* \* \* \*

(b) *By whom awarded.* \* \* \*

(1) \* \* \*

(vii) The Medal of Freedom may be awarded by the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force, or by such officers as they may respectively designate. The head of any department or agency of the United States not named above may recommend to the Secretary of Defense the award of the Medal of Freedom and appurtenances thereto for meritorious acts or services performed under the cognizance or direction of the head of such department or agency and the Secretary of Defense may make such awards. The medal may also be awarded by the President under the circumstances described in § 578.23 (a) (2).

\* \* \* \* \*

(2) Other than during a period of military operations against an armed enemy and for a period of 1 year thereafter, the Commendation Ribbon with Metal Pendant may be awarded by any commanding general in the grade of major general or higher, by the heads of administrative and technical services, or by a general officer commanding an organization normally commanded by a major general, to military personnel of the United States below the grade of major, provided the period of service for which the award is made exceeds 6 months.

\* \* \* \* \*

2. Section 578.23 is revised to read as follows:

§ 578.23 *Medal of Freedom*—(a) *To whom awarded.* (1) The Medal of Freedom may be awarded to any person not hereinafter specifically excluded who, on or after December 7, 1941 has performed a meritorious act or service which has either:

(i) Aided the United States in the prosecution of a war against an enemy or enemies,

(ii) Aided any nation engaged with the United States in the prosecution of

a war against a common enemy or enemies, or

(iii) During any period of national emergency declared by the President or the Congress to exist, has furthered the interests of the security of the United States or of any nation allied or associated with the United States during such period, and for which act or service the award of any other United States medal or decoration is considered inappropriate; or

(2) Under special circumstances, and without regard to the existence of a state of war or national emergency, the Medal of Freedom may also be awarded by, or at the direction of, the President to any person, not hereinafter specifically excluded, for performance of a meritorious act or service in the interests of the security of the United States.

(3) The Medal of Freedom shall not be awarded to a citizen of the United States for any act of service performed within the continental limits of the United States or to a member of the armed forces of the United States.

(b) *Standards*—(1) *Citizens and habitual residents of the United States.* (i) The award of this decoration shall be based on the performance of an act, service or achievement in such a creditable manner as can be recognized as outstanding when compared with the performance by others of similar acts, service or achievement. The service performed must be over and above that required considering the speed of accomplishment, determination of the individual and its effect on the mission of the United States or any nation allied or associated with the United States in prosecuting a war or during any period of national emergency declared by the President or the Congress to exist, its effect on furthering the interest of the security of the United States or of any nation allied or associated with the United States.

(ii) Awards shall be made without reference to degree and the Medal of Freedom without Palm shall be issued.

(2) *Citizens and members of armed forces of foreign nations.* (i) The award of this decoration shall be based on the performance of an act, service or achievement in such a creditable manner as can be recognized as outstanding when compared with the performance by others of similar act, service or achievement. The service performed must be over and above that required considering the speed of accomplishment, determination of the individual and its effect on the mission of the United States or any nation allied or associated with the United States in prosecuting a war or during any period of national emergency declared by the President or the Congress to exist, its effect on furthering the interest of the security of the United States or of any nation allied or associated with the United States.

(ii) The Medal of Freedom shall be awarded in one of the following degrees which corresponds to the respective military decorations indicated:

(a) Gold Palm (Legion of Merit, Chief Commander)



(b) Silver Palm (Legion of Merit, Commander).

(c) Bronze Palm (Legion of Merit, Officer and Legionnaire).

(d) Without Palm (Bronze Star Medal).

(iii) No more than one Medal of Freedom shall be awarded to any one person, but for a subsequent act or service justifying such an award a suitable device may be awarded to be worn with the medal.

3. Paragraph (d) of § 578.24 is revised to read as follows:

§ 578.24 *Appurtenances to military decorations.* \* \* \*

(d) *Service ribbon.* A ribbon identical in color with the suspension ribbon of the decoration it represents attached to a bar  $1\frac{3}{8}$  inches in width and  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in length, equipped with a suitable attaching device. A service ribbon is issued with each decoration. Service ribbons will not be impregnated with unnatural preservatives nor worn with protective coverings.

4. Paragraph (c) (2) of § 578.25 is revised to read as follows:

§ 578.25 *Foreign decorations.* \* \* \*  
(c) *Authorization not required.* \* \* \*

(2) *Members of Army Reserve.* A Reserve officer while not on active duty and while not holding a position of profit or trust under the Government may, without specific consent of the Congress, accept a foreign decoration. No decoration, the acceptance of which was not approved by the Congress, will be worn on the uniform. The procedure outlined in paragraph (b) of this section will be followed to obtain congressional approval.

[C 6, AR 600-45, March 19, 1953] (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22)

[SEAL] Wm. E. BERGIN,  
Major General, U. S. Army,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2930; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

## Chapter VI—Department of the Navy

### Subchapter D—Procurement, Property, Patents, and Contracts

#### PART 742—ACQUISITION OF REAL ESTATE

##### REIMBURSEMENT TO OWNERS AND TENANTS OF LAND ACQUIRED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 534, 82D CONGRESS

New §§ 742.9 through 742.16 are added to Part 742 as follows:

- Sec.  
742.9 Statutory provisions.  
742.10 Definitions of terms as used in §§ 742.9 to 742.16.  
742.11 Scope.  
742.12 Delegation.  
742.13 Filing of application.  
742.14 Limitation of amount of payment.  
742.15 Conditions of reimbursement.  
742.16 Payment.

No. 66—2

AUTHORITY: §§ 742.9 to 742.16 issued under Pub. Law 534, 82d Cong.  
SOURCE: Regs., September 18, 1952, Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

§ 742.9 *Statutory provisions.* The Secretary of the Navy is authorized, to the extent he determines to be fair and reasonable, under regulations approved by the Secretary of Defense to reimburse the owners and tenants of land to be acquired for any public works project of the Department of the Navy for expenses and other losses and damages incurred by such owners and tenants, respectively, in the process and as a direct result of the moving of themselves and their families and possessions because of such acquisition of land, which reimbursement shall be in addition to, but not in duplication of, any payments in respect of such acquisition as may otherwise be authorized by law. *Provided*, That the total of such reimbursement to the owners and tenants of any parcel of land shall in no event exceed 25 per centum of the fair value of such parcel of land as determined by the Secretary of the Navy. No payment in reimbursement shall be made unless application therefor, supported by an itemized statement of the expenses, losses, and damages so incurred, shall have been submitted to the Secretary of the Navy within one year following the date of such acquisition. The authority for reimbursement of owners and tenants for moving costs conferred by this subsection shall be in addition to but not in duplication of authority contained in subsection 501 (b) of the act of September 28, 1951 (65 Stat. 365) for the reimbursement to owners and tenants of land acquired pursuant to authorization in said act.

§ 742.10 *Definitions of terms as used.* in §§ 742.9 to 742.16—(a) *The act.* Public Law 534, 82d Congress, approved July 14, 1952.

(b) *Owner.* Any owner of land, who moves himself, his family, or his possessions because of acquisition of his land for any public works project of the Department of the Navy.

(c) *Tenant.* One who under proper authority uses or occupies land and who moves himself, his family, or his possessions because of acquisition of such land for any public works project of the Department of the Navy.

(d) *Land to be acquired for any public works project.* Acquisition by the Department of the Navy of any interest in land required for military purposes, except industrial installations not within the boundaries of an authorized multiple ownership project being acquired under circumstances similar to those involved in the normal acquisition of property for an airfield, camp or reservoir.

(e) *Industrial installations.* Any unit of real property which when acquired by the United States is being used or is useful for the production of materiel, munitions and supplies or for industrial research and development.

(f) *Date of acquisition.* The date on which title to land being acquired vests in the United States or the date on which the temporary term commences if a possessory interest only is being acquired.

(g) *Fair value.* The value of the land as determined in accordance with Department of the Navy appraisal procedure.

§ 742.11 *Scope.* Pursuant to the provisions of the act, reimbursement may only be made to the extent determined fair and reasonable for items of expense and other losses and damages incurred by owners or tenants in the process and as a direct result of the moving of themselves and their families and possessions. The types of reimbursable items and nonreimbursable items hereinafter described are not intended to be exclusive.

(a) *Types of reimbursable items.* (1) Moving expenses, such as costs of transportation, insurance, crating and uncrating.

(2) Temporary storage expenses.

(3) Expenditures for obtaining new site or land such as cost of appraisals, surveys, and title searches, where such expenses are normally borne by the purchaser. This does not include any part of the purchase price for the new site or any expenditures for the purpose of adding to the value or utility of the new site.

(b) *Types of nonreimbursable items.* (1) Costs of conveying property to the Government.

(2) Consequential damages or losses, such as loss of good will, loss of profits, loss of trained employees, or expenses of sales and losses because of such sales.

§ 742.12 *Delegation.* Authority is delegated to the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Department of the Navy, and such of his officers, or employees in the Bureau of Yards and Docks, as he may designate and are approved by the Secretary of the Navy to perform all functions and make all determinations which are authorized to be performed by the Secretary of the Navy with respect to reimbursement under the provisions of section 401 (b) of the act.

§ 742.13 *Filing of application.* All applications for reimbursement will be filed with the appropriate District Public Works Officer for forwarding to the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks for final action. Such applications must be delivered to or mailed to such District Public Works Officer within one year from the date of acquisition and must be supported by an itemized statement of the expenses, and the losses and damages incurred and for which reimbursement is requested.

§ 742.14 *Limitation of amount of payment.* The act provides that the total amount of reimbursement to all owners and tenants of any parcel of land shall not exceed 25 percent of the fair value of such parcel of land. In the event that the approved amount of reimbursement for all owners and tenants exceeds 25 percent of the fair value of the land, each applicant will receive the same proportion of the 25 percent of the fair value as the approved amount for each application is of the total amount approved for all applications.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS

§ 742.15 *Conditions of reimbursement.* In determining whether reimbursement will be made and the extent and amount thereof, consideration will be given to the following:

(a) Reimbursement shall not be made unless and until reasonable proof of the expenses or other losses and damages incurred, in the form of receipts therefor or the next best evidence thereof when receipts are not available, have been submitted.

(b) Reimbursement shall not be made to the extent the applicant's negligence, or wrongful act has contributed to the amount of the expenses, losses or damages.

(c) Reimbursement shall not be made for any expenses, losses or damages which were allowed in establishing the compensation paid or to be paid for the interest acquired in the land.

§ 742.16 *Payment.* Appropriate action will be taken to accomplish payment in accordance with prescribed procedure and regulations. Reimbursement will be made from funds appropriated to the Department of the Navy pursuant to any act authorizing public works projects for the Department of the Navy, to the extent available.

NOTE: The regulations contained in §§ 742.9 to 742.16 were approved by the Secretary of Defense on October 17, 1952.

R. B. ANDERSON,  
*Secretary of the Navy.*

MARCH 30, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2921; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

## TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

### Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-80, Schedule B—Revocation]

#### M-80—IRON AND STEEL—ALLOYING MATERIALS AND ALLOY PRODUCTS

#### SCHEDULE B—TOOL STEEL AND HIGH SPEED STEELS

##### REVOCATION

Schedule B (16 F. R. 12789) to NPA Order M-80 is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not relieve any person of any obligation or liability incurred under Schedule B to NPA Order M-80, as originally issued or as thereafter amended from time to time, nor deprive any person of any rights received or accrued under said schedule prior to the effective date of this revocation.

(64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong., 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This revocation is effective April 6, 1953.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION  
AUTHORITY,

By GEORGE W. AUXIER,  
*Executive Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-3034; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 11:17 a. m.]

[NPA Order M-81—Revocation]

#### M-81—PURE TUNGSTEN AND PURE MOLYBDENUM

##### REVOCATION

NPA Order M-81 (17 F. R. 3272) is hereby revoked.

This revocation does not relieve any person of any obligation or liability incurred under NPA Order M-81, as originally issued or as thereafter amended from time to time, nor deprive any person of any rights received or accrued under said order prior to the effective date of this revocation.

(64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong., 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This revocation is effective April 6, 1953.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION  
AUTHORITY,  
By GEORGE W. AUXIER,  
*Executive Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-3035; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 11:17 a. m.]

## TITLE 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

### Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

#### Appendix—Public Land Orders

[Public Land Order 888]

##### WYOMING

#### RESERVING CERTAIN PUBLIC LAND IN CONNECTION WITH THE EAST FORK ELK WINTER PASTURE

Whereas the act of September 2, 1937 (50 Stat. 917, 16 U. S. C. 669-669j) provides for Federal aid to States in wildlife-restoration projects; and

Whereas the State of Wyoming has established a Federal-aid wildlife-restoration project, and has acquired title to certain lands in Fremont County, which are administered by the State of Wyoming through its Game and Fish Commission as the East Fork Elk Winter Pasture; and

Whereas certain public lands of the United States within and contiguous to the East Fork Elk Winter Pasture possess wildlife value and could be administered advantageously in connection with the project; and

Whereas the act of March 10, 1934, as amended by the act of August 14, 1946 (48 Stat. 401, 60 Stat. 1080, 16 U. S. C. 661-666c) authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to cooperate with Federal, State, and other agencies in developing a nation-wide program of wildlife conservation and rehabilitation:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F. R. 4831) it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the following-described public lands in Fremont County, Wyoming, are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, including the mining laws, but not the mineral-leasing laws and reserved under the

jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior for use by the Game and Fish Commission of the State of Wyoming in connection with the East Fork Elk Winter Pasture, under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

##### SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 43 N., R. 105 W.,  
Sec. 31, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
T. 42 N., R. 105 W.,  
Sec. 7, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
Sec. 17, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  
Sec. 19, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$  (lots 3 and 4).  
Sec. 20, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ .  
Sec. 30, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$  (lot 1).  
T. 42 N., R. 106 W.,  
Sec. 12, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
Sec. 13, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
Sec. 22, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
Sec. 23, W $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  
Sec. 24, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
Sec. 25, N $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  
Sec. 26, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  
Sec. 27, W $\frac{1}{2}$ , W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ .

The areas described aggregate 3,192.04 acres.

DOUGLAS MCKAY,  
*Secretary of the Interior*

MARCH 30, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2919; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

## TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

### Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

[Docket No. 10333]

#### PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS

##### ALLOCATION OF CERTAIN FREQUENCIES

In the matter of amendment of Part 2 of the Commission's rules and regulations concerning the allocation of frequencies in the band 11,000 to 11,100 kc., Docket No. 10333.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of March 1953;

The Commission having under consideration the matter of amending Part 2 of the rules to provide that as of June 3, 1953, the frequency band 11,000 to 11,100 kc will be available for use only in accordance with the Atlantic City Table of Frequency Allocations; and

It appearing, that, in accordance with the requirements of section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, Notice of Proposed Rule Making in Docket No. 10333, which made provision for the submission of written comments by interested parties, was duly published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on October 21, 1952 (17 F. R. 9565) and that the period for the filing of comments has now expired; and

It further appearing, that no comments on the proposed amendment have been filed; and

It further appearing, that the public interest, convenience and necessity will be served by the amendment herein ordered, the authority for which is con-

tained in sections 301, 303 (c) and 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

*It is ordered*, That, effective June 3, 1953, Part 2 of the Commission's rules is amended to provide that the band 11,000 to 11,100 kc be available for use only in accordance with the Atlantic City Table of Frequency Allocations as shown below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 301, 303, 48 Stat. 1081, 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 301, 303)

Released: March 27, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,  
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

Delete the present wording of footnote 2 to §§ 2.104 (a) (3) (i) and 2.104 (a) (3) (iii) and in lieu thereof substitute new footnote 2 as follows:

3,500-4,063 kc	9,775-10,005 kc
5,450-5,480 kc	11,000-11,100 kc
5,500-5,550 kc	11,700-11,900 kc
6,000-6,200 kc	14,000-15,010 kc
7,000-7,300 kc	15,100-15,350 kc
9,040-9,700 kc	19,930-25,000 kc

[F. R. Doc. 53-2935; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10214]

#### PART 3—RADIO BROADCAST SERVICES

#### PART 13—COMMERCIAL RADIO OPERATORS

#### LICENSED OPERATOR REQUIREMENTS OF CERTAIN STANDARD AND FM BROADCASTING STATIONS AND FOR REMOTE CONTROL OPERATION OF SUCH STATIONS

1. The Commission has before it a "Petition for Reconsideration" of its Report and Order in these proceedings of January 26, 1953, filed March 6, 1953 by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL (herein called IBEW). Upon the request of IBEW filed March 3, 1953, the effective date of that order, originally March 6, 1953, was stayed by the Commission so that we might receive and give full consideration to the subject petition. On March 17, 1953, the National Association of Radio and Television Broadcasters (herein called NARTB) filed a "Motion to Strike" the subject petition and, in the alternative and "Opposition" to it. On March 20, 1953, IBEW filed an Opposition and Reply.

2. It is alleged by NARTB that IBEW failed to serve a copy of its petition on NARTB and that this omission, in view of the requirements of § 1.767<sup>1</sup> of our rules, renders the petition of IBEW fatally defective. NARTB's "Motion to Strike" the subject petition must be denied. Section 1.767 has no application to rule-making proceedings. It follows, therefore, that IBEW's petition is properly before us.

<sup>1</sup> § 1.767 *Service of documents and proof of service.* All pleadings, petitions, motions, briefs, or other documents filed in any proceeding shall be served by the party filing the same upon all parties of record. \* \* \*

3. A brief review of the amendments to Parts 3 and 13 of our rules will be helpful to an understanding of the subject petition for reconsideration and our decision. The amended rules adopted in this proceeding provided that holders of commercial radio operator licenses of any class except aircraft radiotelephone operator authorizations or temporary limited radiotelegraph second-class operator licenses may be employed to stand regular watches and perform specified duties at all standard non-directional and FM stations operating with the power of 10 kilowatts or less.<sup>2</sup> Further, it is provided that at all stations employing such lesser grade operators, at least one person holding a radiotelephone first-class operator license is required to be employed as a regular full-time operator to supervise and insure the proper functioning of the station equipment. Provision is made for remote control operation, subject to certain conditions, by standard non-directional and FM stations operating with power of 10 kilowatts or less.

4. IBEW requests that the amendments be rescinded or, in the alternative, that a hearing and oral argument be held. As the basis for granting the relief of rescission, IBEW relies on four points.

5. First, IBEW maintains that the amendments are not in the public interest because they are not compatible with the objectives of Conelrad and would impair the national defense. It argues that since the Commission has not required the giving of the "adequate instruction" needed by the lesser grade operator in order to place a station in Conelrad system operation, the effectiveness of the Conelrad operator "will rest upon the personal attitude of the station operator" that in time of emergency, "stations otherwise intended to operate under the Conelrad program would be required to cease such operation in the event of difficulties which only a first-class operator could handle" and finally, that the unattended transmitter in the remote control operation constitutes a serious security problem since it facilitates entries by unauthorized persons desiring to use the facilities for subversive purposes.

6. Because of the importance of this question, we have considered IBEW's arguments with particular care. We are of the opinion that these arguments must be rejected and that the amendments will not impair the national defense.<sup>3</sup> "Prior" or "adequate instruction" of lesser grade operators who will effect the necessary adjustments is a condition provided by our rules for participation in the Conelrad operation. Participation in Conelrad is voluntary, however, and no reason is advanced, nor can we conceive why a licensee who has volunteered to participate, would not take the neces-

<sup>2</sup> With respect to noncommercial educational FM stations employing power of 1 kw or less, further relaxation of the operator requirements was made.

<sup>3</sup> Significantly, it is not argued that the use of the lesser grade operator will impede, in the event of a Conelrad Radio Alert, the closing down of a station which has elected not to participate in the Conelrad plan.

sary steps to assure its successful participation in the operation. Nor, can we accord any weight to the remote eventuality that a volunteer station might be lost to the Conelrad program because of improper transmitter operation falling without the categories capable of adjustment by the lesser grade operator on duty. To be of any consequence, thus<sup>4</sup> possibility requires a series of coincidences: that there be a significant improper transmitter operation,<sup>4</sup> that it occur at the time of the alert and during the absence of the first-class operator, and that such improper operation strikes a number of volunteer Conelrad stations.

7. Similarly, objections raised to remote control operation and its effect on the national defense are not convincing. The operations necessary to place a station in Conelrad operation can be accomplished by remote control. We recognize that in the case of remote control, the expenses involved to effect such a switch may constitute a deterrent to voluntary Conelrad activity. However, evaluation of this factor at the present time is impossible, since the number of standard non-directional stations using power of 10 kilowatts or less which may request remote control authorization and which may thus be deterred from engaging in the Conelrad program, cannot now be predicted. We will, of course, maintain a careful scrutiny of Conelrad activities and take such steps as may be required to maintain its effectiveness. However, we cannot at this time forecast whether such steps may be necessary or the nature of steps that may possibly be required. The argument that the unattended transmitter constitutes a serious security problem fails to take cognizance of the safeguards erected by our amended rules. Our rules provide that the equipment at the transmitting position shall be so installed and protected that it be inaccessible to or incapable of operation by persons other than those duly authorized. Of course no lock is complete insurance against the determined transgressor; but the presence of an operator may not provide any substantially greater insurance against the trained saboteur, fortified by both weapons and the element of surprise.<sup>5</sup>

8. IBEW next argues that the amendments are not in the public interest because they will make the radio communication service less rapid and efficient. In support thereof, it contends that the full-time employment at the station of one first-class operator is not "sufficient to meet the operating needs of the sta-

<sup>4</sup> If the improper transmitter operation were of a minor nature, it is expected that the restricted operator, in the event of an Alert, would exercise common sense and continue the station's operation in the Conelrad program. It should also be noted that our records reveal that the loss of air time for the average broadcast station is extremely low.

<sup>5</sup> Indeed, the NARTB argues that in this respect the attended operation actually represents a greater danger since there is technical assistance (albeit forced) available to the subversive; there is no possibility of turning off the transmitter from the remote point; and the advantage of monitoring, and thus speedy discovery, is lost.

tion in its 120 hour period of operation" that in the event the first-class operator becomes sick or goes on vacation, the station must cease operation; that in many cases, lesser grade operators will not have sufficient knowledge and experience to determine that the station is not operating properly; that even if he does recognize the improper functioning, there will be pressure upon him to make adjustments other than those authorized by our amendments; that the amendments are being promulgated at a time when the Commission's inspection service is inadequate due to budgetary limitations; that economic reasons by themselves are not an appropriate standard upon which the Commission may base its action; and that the savings effected by the amendments will be used only as earnings and not to acquire a more adequate or appropriate staff for other phases of the station's operation such as programming.

9. The basis for the amendments is both technological and economic. The economic basis is clear and needs no amplification. The Commission recognized that the critical consideration was whether the revisions would result in any degradation of our technical standards. Our conclusion that no degradation would result was based on such factors as the marked improvement of transmitter equipment, the satisfactory utilization of lesser grade operators during the last war, the successful operation by non-technical personnel of many complex electronic devices, and the extensive and exclusive reliance at many stations on the chief engineer for all significant repair work. In connection with the latter factor, we further found that the retention of at least one first-class operator in full-time employment was desirable since this operator will have ample opportunity to detect difficulties and engage in preventive maintenance, and will be readily available at all times for major repair work. Accordingly, we feel that the full-time employment at the station of the first-class operator cannot be said to be insufficient to meet the station's operating needs; the fact that there may be some slight delay in the event that a fault requiring a major repair, not discovered by the first-class operator's preventive maintenance, occurs while the latter is off duty, is of no great significance, especially in view of the widespread station practice of relying on one man for all major repair work. It should be pointed out that under our rules arrangements must be made to replace the station's first-class operator with another during periods of sickness or vacation. With respect to the IBEW's point involving the Commission's inspection service, the answer is that the frequency of inspections alone does not insure against violations. Compliance with our rules is dependent in a large measure on the good faith and desire of our licensees to operate in the public interest. Because of their completely speculative nature, no time need be devoted to the remaining contentions noted in paragraph 8.

10. IBEW contends further that the amendments are not in the public inter-

est because they will create widespread unemployment and reduce the quality and quantity of the skilled labor pool necessary for ordinary and emergency operations. Consideration was given to the factor of resultant unemployment among first-class operators by the Commission in paragraph 16 of our report. For the reasons set forth therein, we adhere to our view that the considerations which impelled the adoption of these amended rules are not outweighed by this contention.

11. It is argued that the revisions are not in accord with the language of section 318 of the Communications Act. It is not asserted, however, wherein they violate the cited section; we find no such violation.

12. The foregoing discussion treated the arguments set forth by the IBEW in support of its contention that the Commission should rescind its amendments. In the alternative, IBEW also argues that in the interest of fair and orderly procedure, further proceedings, including hearing and oral argument, are desirable. It stresses that the serious consequences resulting from the Commission's action require the Commission to adopt that procedure which will give the greatest assurance that the amendments are consistent with the public interest. Further, it contends that basic questions have not been answered and, as examples, points to the questions involving Conelrad and the scope of the amendments. With respect to the latter, IBEW argues that there is no basis for the selection by the Commission of the power figure of 10 kilowatts as the demarcation point.

13. The Commission may in its discretion, grant the subject request for further proceedings "if sufficient reason therefor be made to appear" (section 405). We do not believe, however, that petitioner has demonstrated such "sufficient reason." Granted that serious consequences may result from the Commission's action, the question still remains whether further proceedings will serve any useful purpose. As stated in our report, "All interested parties have been afforded ample opportunity to file written comments and exhaustive comments have been received. Because of this and the further fact that most of conflicts engendered by these comments are based on opinion, surmise, or prognostication, it does not appear that further oral argument would be of material assistance to the Commission upon this matter." Nothing in the IBEW petition convinces us to the contrary. No new facts or considerations of policy are set forth. Nor are the two examples of "unanswered basic questions" stressed by IBEW persuasive in this regard. The question involving Conelrad has been taken up in detail in pars. 6 and 7 supra. With respect to the scope of the amendments, we determined upon the figure of 10 kilowatts "on the basis of our experience with problems arising with the utilization of very high power equipment and the showings made in this proceeding." While it was believed that there is a particular need for such relaxation with respect to FM stations

operating with a power of 10 kilowatts, the controlling consideration was the propriety, from a technical standpoint, of the figure selected; it was felt that the relaxation should extend to that level of power at which no serious problems would be encountered because of the nature of the transmitting equipment itself. Nowhere does the IBEW allege any facts or even contend that the figure of 10 kilowatts, as compared to 5 or some lesser amount, represents a technically inappropriate point of delineation. In summary, our conclusions concerning the amendments were based on careful consideration of the voluminous comments received; petitioner has set forth no new factors constituting "sufficient reason" for the holding of further proceedings.

14. In view of the foregoing, *it is ordered*, That the petition of the IBEW requesting that the subject amendments be rescinded or, in the alternative, that a hearing and oral argument be ordered, is denied. *It is further ordered*, That, effective April 15, 1953 Parts 3 and 13 of the Commission's rules and regulations; the Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations, and the Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning FM Broadcast Stations are amended as set forth in the Report and Order adopted January 26, 1953 (FCC 53-68) (F R. Doc. 53-1133; published February 4, 1953; 18 F R. 726.)

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066 as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interpret or apply sec. 303; 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Adopted: March 26, 1953.

Released: March 30, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2936; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:48 a. m.]

#### PART 10—PUBLIC SAFETY RADIO SERVICES RADIO TRANSMITTER IDENTIFICATION; CORRECTION

In the matter of amending §§ 10.157, 11.156 and 16.156 of the Commission's rules governing the Public Safety, the Industrial and the Land Transportation Radio Services, respectively.

The Commission's order of March 4, 1952 in the above-entitled matter, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER March 17, 1952 at 18 F R. 1505, is corrected to change the reference therein to now § 10.157 (c) to read § 10.157 (d)

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2937; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:40 a. m.]

\* Commissioner Henneck's dissenting opinion filed as part of the original document.

## TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service,  
Department of the Interior

## PART 17—LIST OF AREAS

## FEDERAL AID AREAS

EDITORIAL NOTE: For an addition to the tabulation in § 17.7, see Public Land Order 888 in the Appendix to Title 43, Chapter I, *supra*, reserving certain public land in Wyoming in connection with the East Fork Elk Winter Pasture.

PROPOSED  
RULE MAKING

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## Wage and Hour Division

[ 29 CFR Parts 661, 662, 701, 708 ]

PUERTO RICO: SPECIAL INDUSTRY  
COMMITTEE NO. 13NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF HEARING ON  
MINIMUM WAGE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR  
CERTAIN INDUSTRIES

On March 31, 1953 (18 F. R. 1788) there was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice of hearing on the minimum wage recommendations of Special Industry Committee No. 13 for Puerto Rico for a number of specified industries in Puerto Rico. Said notice stated that the hearings on the recommendations of the Committee for the Banking, Insurance, and Finance Industries; Cement Industry and the Straw, Hair, and Related Products Division of the Rubber, Straw, Hair, and Related Products Industry in Puerto Rico would be held on April 28, 1953. Notice is hereby given that the hearings on the recommendations of the Committee for the above-mentioned industries are postponed until May 4, 1953, at 10:00 a. m. in Room 5406, Department of Labor Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue, Washington 25, D. C.

In the original notice of hearing referred to above it was also stated that the hearing on the recommendations of the Committee for the Heavy Products and Industrial Equipment Division of the Metal, Plastics, Machinery, Instrument, Transportation Equipment, and Allied Industries would be held on April 29, 1953. Notice is hereby given that the hearing for this industry has been postponed until May 5, 1953, at 10:00 a. m. in Room 5406, Department of Labor Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue, Washington 25, D. C.

In all other respects the hearings shall be governed by the provisions of the original notice of hearing published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on March 31, 1953 (18 F. R. 1788).

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of April 1953.

WILL R. MCCOMB,  
Administrator,  
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2928; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:47 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

## Office of the Secretary

## WYOMING

NOTICE FOR FILING OBJECTIONS TO ORDER  
RESERVING CERTAIN PUBLIC LAND IN CON-  
NECTION WITH EAST FORK ELK WINTER  
PASTURE<sup>1</sup>

For a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the above entitled order, persons having cause to object to the terms thereof may present their objections to the Secretary of the Interior. Such objections should be in writing, should be addressed to the Secretary of the Interior, and should be filed in duplicate in the Department of the Interior, Washington 25, D. C. In case any objection is filed and the nature of the opposition is such as to warrant it, a public hearing will be held at a convenient time and place, which will be announced, where opponents to the order may state their views and where the proponents of the order can explain its purpose, intent, and extent. Should any objection be filed, whether or not a hearing is held, notice of the determination by the Secretary as to whether the order should be rescinded, modified, or let stand will be given to all interested parties of record and the general public.

DOUGLAS MCKAY,  
Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 30, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2920; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:45 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing  
Administration

## BOSTON PMA COMMODITY OFFICE

## ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS

I. *General.* Effective April 1, 1953, a PMA Commodity Office will be established in Boston, Massachusetts, responsible to the Assistant Administrator for Commodity Operations, Production and Marketing Administration, for the formulation and establishment of operating policies and procedures pertaining to price support and supply programs of the Commodity Credit Corporation for wool and mohair.

II. *Responsibilities of organization units—A. Boston PMA Commodity Office—1. Office of the Director.* Responsible for the general management, including loan and merchandising operations, for the wool and mohair programs on a nationwide basis and for:

a. Formulating and recommending to the Assistant Administrator for Commodity Operations long range and current price support and supply policies and programs for wool and mohair.

b. Formulating and establishing operating policies, procedures, and instructions.

<sup>1</sup> See Title 43, Chapter I, appendix, FLO 888, *supra*.

## NOTICES

c. Providing administrative and technical direction and coordination in the execution of established programs, policies, procedures, and instructions.

d. Directing and coordinating all services rendered in the wool and mohair price support and supply programs by handlers, pullers, lending agencies, PMA Commodity Offices, and other field offices or agents employed.

e. Formulating contracts and agreements with wool handlers, pullers, testing laboratories and others engaged in the programs. Approving, executing, interpreting, suspending or terminating such contracts and agreements and lending agency agreements.

2. *Appraisal Division.* Responsible for carrying out functions pertaining to wool and mohair appraisal, core sampling, and core testing for price support and supply programs.

a. *Field Offices.* Field offices of the Appraisal Division are known as Area Appraisal Offices and they provide appraisal and core sampling services throughout the United States. These Area Appraisal Offices are situated in the following cities at the addresses shown, and their administrative areas are:

## Location and Area of Responsibility

Boston, 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston 10, Mass. (located in Livestock Branch Field Office); Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont.

Chicago, 623 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago 5, Ill. (located in Chicago PMA Commodity Office); Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Tennessee, South Dakota (eastern), Wisconsin.

Denver, Denver Federal Center, Building 80, Denver 2, Colo. (located in Livestock Branch Field Office); Colorado, Montana, New Mexico (northern), South Dakota (western), Utah, Wyoming.

Philadelphia, U. S. Custom House, Second and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia 6, Pa. (located in Livestock Branch Field Office); Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia.

Portland, 515 Southwest Tenth Avenue, Portland 5, Oreg. (located in PMA Commodity Office); Idaho, Oregon, Washington.

San Angelo, County Courthouse, San Angelo, Tex. (located in PMA County Office); New Mexico (southern), Oklahoma, Texas.

San Francisco, P. O. Box 3638, Rincon Annex, San Francisco 19, Calif. (located in PMA Commodity Office); Arizona, California, Nevada.

3. *Fiscal Division.* Responsible for carrying out functions pertaining to fiscal control and management for wool and mohair price support and supply programs.

4. *Traffic and Shipping Division.* Responsible for carrying out functions pertaining to traffic and shipping and related services for wool and mohair price support and supply programs.

III. *Contracting and claims offices.* A. CCC Contracting Officers are appointed by the Director with approval of the Executive Vice President of the Commodity Credit Corporation and may, to the extent authorized by their appoint-



ment execute contracts relating to the activities of the Production and Marketing Administration or the Commodity Credit Corporation for which the Office is responsible. The names of such officers and information with respect to their authority may be obtained from the Director.

B. CCC Claims Officers are appointed by the Director with approval of the Executive Vice President of the Commodity Credit Corporation and may settle certain types of claims by and against Commodity Credit Corporation in accordance with the procedure set forth in 15 F. R. 4177. The names of such officers and information with respect to their authority may be obtained from the Director.

IV *Availability of records and information.* Any person desiring information or to make submittals or requests with respect to the programs and functions of this Office should address his request to the Director, Boston PMA Commodity Office, Production and Marketing Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture, U. S. Appraisers Stores Building, 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston 10, Massachusetts. The records of the Office are available for examination in accordance with the rules and designations of records issued by the Secretary. (7 CFR 1.1-.1.10.)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of April 1953.

[SEAL] HOWARD H. GORDON,  
*Administrator Production  
and Marketing Administration.*

Approved: JOHN H. DAVIS,  
*President,  
Commodity Credit Corporation.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2948; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:50 a. m.]

### Rural Electrification Administration

[Administrative Order 3954]

MONTANA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 21, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: *Amount*  
Montana 1L Ravalli..... \$195,000

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
*Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2949; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:51 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3955]

ARIZONA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 21, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a

loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: *Amount*  
Arizona 20 H-K Pima..... \$1,210,000

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
*Administrator*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2950; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:51 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3956]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 1603, dated September 20, 1948, by reducing the allocation of \$12,500 therein made for "Missouri 27M Andrew" by \$7,632.78 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,867.22;

(b) Administrative Order No. 368, dated June 30, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Missouri 9-0038W1 Reynolds" by \$2,351.32 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,648.68;

(c) Administrative Order No. 373, dated July 14, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Texas 0058W1 Fayette" by \$4,957 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$43;

(d) Administrative Order No. 749, dated March 20, 1943, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Texas 3-1094S4 Gonzales";

(e) Administrative Order No. 1356, dated October 8, 1947, by rescinding the allocation of \$50,000 therein made for "Texas 94N Gonzales"; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 415, dated December 1, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Texas 0-R9098W1 Young" by \$1,751.65 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,248.35.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
*Administrator*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2951; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:51 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3957]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 232, dated April 1, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Ohio 8059W1 Morrow" by \$3,861.18 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,138.82;

(b) Administrative Order No. 322, dated February 20, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Ohio R9039W3 Paulding" by \$5,023.50 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,976.50;

(c) Administrative Order No. 676, dated February 20, 1942, by rescinding the allocation of \$20,000 therein made for "Ohio 2039S4 Paulding";

(d) Administrative Order No. 394, dated September 27, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$2,000 therein made for "Ohio 0065W2 Fairfield" by \$304.69 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,695.31,

(e) Administrative Order No. 250, dated May 20, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Ohio 8068W2 Fulton" by \$912.02 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,087.98; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 454, dated April 30, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$6,000 therein made for "Ohio O-8075W1 Williams" by \$5,775 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$225.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
*Administrator*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2952; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:51 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3958]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 307, dated November 3, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Ohio R9083W2 Huron" by \$483.72 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,516.28;

(b) Administrative Order No. 676, dated February 20, 1942, by rescinding the allocation of \$25,000 therein made for "Ohio 2083S3 Huron";

(c) Administrative Order No. 305, dated October 26, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Ohio 9086W1 Guernsey" by \$2,681.35 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,318.65;

(d) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Ohio 2094W1 Adams" by \$9,645 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$355;

(e) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Vermont 1010W1 Windham" by \$385 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,615; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 3339, dated June 14, 1951, by rescinding the loan of \$10,000 therein made for "Vermont 10M Windham"

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
*Administrator*

[F. R. Doc. 53-2953; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3959]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 338, dated April 18, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa R9026W1 Shelby" by \$3,586 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,414;

(b) Administrative Order No. 180, dated January 6, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Iowa 8027W1 Buena Vista" by \$1,233.04 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$8,766.96;

(c) Administrative Order No. 216, dated March 18, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 8030W1 Franklin" by \$193.32 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,801.68;

(d) Administrative Order No. 160, dated November 11, 1937, by reducing the allocation of \$6,000 therein made for "Iowa 8033W Calhoun" by \$4,802.63 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,197.37;

(e) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "Iowa 2038S4 Pocahontas" by \$11,621.97 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,378.03; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 410, dated November 8, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 0-R9043W1 Greene" by \$4,897 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$103.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2954; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3960]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2034S2 Traverse" by \$4,459 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$541;

(b) Administrative Order No. 394, dated September 27, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "North Dakota 0017W1 McHenry" by \$13 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,982;

(c) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,500 therein made for "North Dakota 1017W2 McHenry" by \$761 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,739;

(d) Administrative Order No. 627, dated October 8, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$20,000 therein made for "North Dakota 2017S3 McHenry";

(e) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$34,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2096W1 Beltrami" by \$20,401.95 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$13,598.05; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$20,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2096S2 Beltrami"

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2955; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3961]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$6,000 therein made for "Iowa 1079W1 Clarke" by \$2,776 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,224;

(b) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "Iowa 2079S2 Clarke";

(c) Administrative Order No. 437, dated July 17, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$20,000 therein made for "Minnesota 1018W5 Douglas" by \$3,752.17 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$16,247.83;

(d) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$4,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2061W1 Freeborn";

(e) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$2,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2072W1 Renville"; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 627, dated October 8, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2079S4 Big Stone" by \$5,840.36 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$9,159.64.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2956; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3962]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 181, dated January 10, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$25,000 therein made for "Nebraska 8049W1 Howard District Public" by \$13,863.43 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$11,136.57;

(b) Administrative Order No. 376, dated July 20, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 469, dated June 4, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$7,500 therein made for "Nebraska 0054W4 Cuming District Public" by \$1,672.71 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$5,827.29;

(c) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$11,000 therein made for "Nebraska 2056S5 Cedar-Knox District Public" by \$9,393.33 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,606.67;

(d) Administrative Order No. 322, dated February 20, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "Nebraska R9059W1 Butler District Public" by \$3,773 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$11,227;

(e) Administrative Order No. 627, dated October 8, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$1,900 therein made for "Nebraska 2062S2 Seward District Public" by \$1,622.65 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$277.35; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 415, dated December 1, 1939, as amended by

Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$7,000 therein made for "Nebraska O-R9064W2 York District Public" by \$2,769.10 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,230.90.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2957; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3963]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 315, dated December 29, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Kansas 8015W2 Dickinson" by \$6,167.55 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,832.45;

(b) Administrative Order No. 1559, dated July 16, 1943, by rescinding the allocation of \$25,000 therein made for "Kansas 15P Dickinson";

(c) Administrative Order No. 368, dated June 30, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Kansas 9-0026W1 Coffey" by \$1,619.94 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,380.06;

(d) Administrative Order No. 339, dated September 11, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Kansas 0027W1 Morris" by \$186 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,814;

(e) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Kansas 1027W2 Morris" by \$1,821 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,179; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 638, dated November 14, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Kansas 2027S3 Morris"

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2958; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:52 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3964]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 376, dated July 20, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 0007W1 Marshall" by \$995.60 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,004.40;

(b) Administrative Order No. 163, dated November 24, 1937, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Iowa 8014W Humboldt" by \$5,220.79 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,779.21;

(c) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Iowa 2014S2 Humboldt";

(d) Administrative Order No. 326, dated March 11, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa R9015W1 Harrison" by \$4,359.10 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$640.90;

(e) Administrative Order No. 322, dated February 20, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa R9016W1 Monona" by \$2,265.60 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,734.40; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 569, dated March 25, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$2,000 therein made for "Iowa 1021W2 Guthrie" by \$614 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,386.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2959; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3965]

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 394, dated September 27, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$2,500 therein made for "Kansas 0028W1 Norton" by \$1,599 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$901;

(b) Administrative Order No. 487, dated July 17, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Kansas 1032W2 Reno" by \$176 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,824;

(c) Administrative Order No. 1603, dated September 20, 1948, by rescinding the allocation of \$30,000 therein made for "Kansas 32V Reno";

(d) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$8,000 therein made for "Kansas 1034W1 Barton" by \$3,837 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,163;

(e) Administrative Order No. 250, dated May 20, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$8,700 therein made for "Montana 8013W1 Flathead" by \$3,246.79 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$5,453.21; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 576, dated April 21, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$6,000 therein made for "Nebraska 1044W4 Eastern Nebraska District Public" by \$2,660.18 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,339.82.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2960; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3966]

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 506, dated August 15, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$4,000 therein made for "Indiana 1059W2 Wayne" by \$1,957.82 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,042.18;

(b) Administrative Order No. 308, dated November 9, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "Michigan R9029W1 Ontonagon" by \$7,207.09 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$7,792.91;

(c) Administrative Order No. 556, dated January 28, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Michigan 1044W2 Grand Traverse" by \$2,111.89 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,888.11;

(d) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$20,000 therein made for "Michigan 2044S3 Grand Traverse";

(e) Administrative Order No. 784, dated November 1, 1943, by reducing the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "New York 4020S1 Delaware" by \$1,446 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$13,554;

(f) Administrative Order No. 924, dated June 26, 1945, by rescinding the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "New York 5-46020S2 Delaware"; and

(g) Administrative Order No. 373, dated July 14, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "North Carolina 0032W1 Person" by \$3,077 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,923.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2961; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3967]

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 1012W2 Bureau" by \$4,619 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$381;

(b) Administrative Order No. 90, dated April 30, 1937, by reducing the allocation of \$4,000 therein made for "Illinois 21W Menard" by \$2.97 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,997.03;

(c) Administrative Order No. 466, dated May 28, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 0021W4 Menard" by \$1,106.20 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,893.80;

(d) Administrative Order No. 262, dated June 9, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 8029W1 Shelby" by \$268.09 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,731.91;

(e) Administrative Order No. 487, dated July 17, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 1029W2 Shelby" by \$3,568.75 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,431.25;

(f) Administrative Order No. 381, dated August 16, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 507, dated August 16, 1940, by rescinding the allocation of \$1,500 therein made for "Illinois 0032W1 McDonough"; and

(g) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding

the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 2032S2 McDonough"

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2962; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3968]

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 368, dated June 30, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 9-0051W1 Winnebago" by \$937.20 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,062.80;

(b) Administrative Order No. 358, dated June 19, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 9-0059W1 Woodbury" by \$4,083 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$917;

(c) Administrative Order No. 358, dated June 19, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Iowa 9-0061W1 Cherokee" by \$863 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,137;

(d) Administrative Order No. 415, dated December 1, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Iowa 0-7073W1 Adair" by \$4,060 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$940;

(e) Administrative Order No. 544, dated December 6, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$4,000 therein made for "Iowa 1075W1 Montgomery" by \$1,081 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,919; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$58,000 therein made for "Minnesota 2012W2 St. Louis" by \$46,801.92 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$11,198.08.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2963; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3969]

#### ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 326, dated March 11, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Illinois R9038W1 McLean" by \$2,573.33 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$7,426.67;

(b) Administrative Order No. 394, dated September 27, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 0040W1 Macoupin" by \$2,097 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,003;

(c) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$8,000 therein made for "Illinois 2040S2 Macoupin".

(d) Administrative Order No. 675, dated February 19, 1942, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Illinois 2045S1 Clinton".

(e) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "South Dakota 2003S1 Clay".

(f) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "South Dakota 1015W1 Butte" by \$3,848.74 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$6,151.26; and

(g) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "South Dakota 2016S1 Grant" by \$6,079 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,921.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2964; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3970]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 318, dated January 31, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 654, dated January 5, 1942, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Ohio R9001S3 Miami" by \$6,914.98 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,085.02;

(b) Administrative Order No. 315, dated December 29, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Ohio R9060W3 Seneca" by \$6,108.30 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$3,891.70;

(c) Administrative Order No. 329, dated March 22, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$12,000 therein made for "Ohio R9084W2 Carroll" by \$9,692.05 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,307.95;

(d) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 1025W1 Adams" by \$7,732 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,268;

(e) Administrative Order No. 466, dated May 28, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Virginia 0022W2 Caroline" by \$789.93 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$9,210.07;

(f) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Virginia 2022S3 Caroline" and

(g) Administrative Order No. 3199, dated March 29, 1951, by rescinding the loan of \$200,000 therein made for "Virginia 22AD Caroline".

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2965; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:53 a. m.]

No. 66—3

[Administrative Order 3971]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 291, dated September 16, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Wisconsin R9037W2 Trempealeau" by \$9.23 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,990.77.

(b) Administrative Order No. 315, dated December 29, 1938, by reducing the allocation of \$6,000 therein made for "Wisconsin R9037W3 Trempealeau" by \$11.60 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$5,988.40;

(c) Administrative Order No. 444, dated March 23, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$4,000 therein made for "Wisconsin 0037W4 Trempealeau" by \$1,749.37 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$2,250.63;

(d) Administrative Order No. 676, dated February 20, 1942, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Wisconsin 2037S5 Trempealeau".

(e) Administrative Order No. 444, dated March 23, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Wisconsin 0046W2 Lafayette" by \$549.92 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,450.08; and

(f) Administrative Order No. 358, dated June 19, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Wisconsin 9-0021W2 Taylor" by \$384.68 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$9,615.32.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2966; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3972]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 676, dated February 20, 1942, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 2004S2 Crawford";

(b) Administrative Order No. 368, dated June 30, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 9-0013W2 Tioga" by \$915.46 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,084.54;

(c) Administrative Order No. 381, dated August 16, 1939, as amended by Administrative Order No. 460, dated May 18, 1940, by rescinding the allocation of \$1,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 0014W1 Clearfield";

(d) Administrative Order No. 1103, dated July 3, 1946, by rescinding the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 14K Clearfield";

(e) Administrative Order No. 610, dated July 25, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 2015W4 Bradford" by \$5,014.89 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,985.11;

(f) Administrative Order No. 428, dated January 13, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$3,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania O-R3017W1 Armstrong" by \$2,610 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$390; and

(g) Administrative Order No. 2232, dated July 14, 1949, by reducing the loan of \$15,000 therein made for "Pennsylvania 22P Jefferson" by \$5,000 so that the reduced loan shall be \$10,000.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2967; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3973]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 21, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "North Carolina 2033S2 Martin" by \$4,737.05 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$262.95;

(b) Administrative Order No. 635, dated November 5, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "North Carolina 2033S3 Martin".

(c) Administrative Order No. 348, dated May 19, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "North Carolina R9039W1 Union" by \$4,280 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$720;

(d) Administrative Order No. 506, dated August 15, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "North Carolina 1043W2 Jones" by \$1,922.10 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$8,077.90;

(e) Administrative Order No. 520, dated September 25, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "North Carolina 1047W1 Wake" by \$5,548.57 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,451.43;

(f) Administrative Order No. 620, dated September 23, 1941, by rescinding the allocation of \$15,000 therein made for "North Carolina 2047S2 Wake" and

(g) Administrative Order No. 556, dated January 28, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "North Carolina 1053W1 Burke" by \$4,429 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$571.

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2968; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3974]

MONTANA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 22, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting

through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Montana 5K Richland----- \$385,000

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2969; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3975]

NEW MEXICO

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 22, 1953,

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
New Mexico 9U Curry----- \$197,000

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2970; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3976]

ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 23, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a) Administrative Order No. 440, dated March 11, 1940, as amended by Administrative Order No. 457, dated May 10, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Nebraska 0-R9066W1 Nebraska District Public" by \$1,384 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$8,616;

(b) Administrative Order No. 587, dated May 16, 1941, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Oregon 1-0026W1 Wasco" by \$3,128.67 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,871.33;

(c) Administrative Order No. 441, dated March 11, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Utah 0006W2 Garfield" by \$17 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,983;

(d) Administrative Order No. 538, dated November 5, 1940, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Utah 1006W3 Garfield" by \$642 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$4,358;

(e) Administrative Order No. 2934, dated September 12, 1950, by rescinding the loan of \$10,000 therein made for "Utah 6V Garfield" and

(f) Administrative Order No. 379, dated August 1, 1939, by reducing the allocation of \$10,000 therein made for "Wyoming 0003W1 Fremont" by \$1,256.64 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$8,743.36.

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2971; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3977]

ARKANSAS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 26, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Arkansas 12N Miller----- \$665,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2972; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3978]

TEXAS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 26, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Texas 115N Grimes----- \$265,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2973; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:54 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3979]

IOWA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 26, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Iowa 9AB Scott----- \$1,000,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2974; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3980]

ALABAMA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 26, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Ad-

ministrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Alabama 19E Athens Public----- \$635,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2975; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3981]

LOUISIANA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 26, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Louisiana 6L St. Mary----- \$86,500

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2976; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3982]

KENTUCKY

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 29, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Kentucky 27S Boyle----- \$480,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPPERD,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2977; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3983]

MINNESOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 30, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Minnesota 99L Lake of the Woods----- \$764,000

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2978; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]



[Administrative Order 3984]

## INDIANA

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 30, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Indiana 9M Marshall..... \$165,000

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2979; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:55 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 3985]

## ALLOCATION OF FUNDS FOR LOANS

JANUARY 30, 1953.

I hereby amend:

(a). Administrative Order No. 676, dated February 20, 1942, by reducing the allocation of \$5,000 therein made for "Vermont 2008S4 Washington" by \$3,697 so that the reduced allocation shall be \$1,303.

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2980; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

[Administrative Order T-255]

## WASHINGTON

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 21, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Cohasset Beach Telephone Co.,  
Washington 504-B..... \$64,000

[SEAL] CLAUDE R. WICKARD,  
Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2981; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

[Administrative Order T-256]

## WASHINGTON

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 22, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
North Central Washington Rural  
Telephone Exchange, Inc.,  
Washington 519-A..... \$305,000

\* Simultaneous allocation and loan.

[SEAL] WM. C. WISE,  
Acting Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2982; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

[Administrative Order T-257]

## WEST VIRGINIA

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 27, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Home Telephone Co., West Vir-  
ginia 501-C..... \$20,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPHERD,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2983; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

[Administrative Order T-258]

## KANSAS

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 29, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
United Telephone Association,  
Inc., Kansas 531-B..... \$852,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPHERD,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2984; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

[Administrative Order T-259]

## TENNESSEE

## LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

JANUARY 29, 1953.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation: Amount  
Millington Telephone Co., Inc.,  
Tennessee 530-B..... \$411,000

[SEAL] RIGGS SHEPHERD,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2985; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:56 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## Wage and Hour Division

## LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

## ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1063, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Supp. 214) and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522) special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below. Conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.166, as amended December 31, 1951, 16 F. R. 12043, and June 2, 1952; 17 F. R. 3818).

Abbotstown Garment Co., Box 48, Abbotstown, Pa., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' jackets).

Alabama Textile Products Corp., P. O. Drawer 430, Andalusia, Ala., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress shirts, sport shirts, work pants).

Alabama Textile Products Corp., Brantley, Ala., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work shirts).

Alabama Textile Products Corp., Panama City, Fla., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress shirts).

Altoona Factories, Inc., 1715 Eleventh Avenue, Altoona, Pa., effective 3-25-53 to 3-24-54; 10 learners (wool hunting coats, pants, breeches).

The Andala Co., Coffee Street, Andalusia, Ala., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work shirts, work pants).

Angelica Uniform Co., Mountain View, Mo., effective 3-25-53 to 2-25-53; 5 learners for expansion purposes (men's washable service apparel).

Blue Bell, Inc., Tichomingo County, Miss., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 learners (work pants).

Blue Bell, Inc., Lenoir, N. C., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees).

Blue Bell, Inc., Elkton, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees).

Blue Bell, Inc., Luray, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 learners (dungarees).

Blue Bell, Inc., Madison, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 5 learners (dungarees).

Blue Bell, Inc., Mount Jackson, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (dungarees).

Blue Bell, Inc., Shenandoah, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (dungarees).

Brook Manufacturing Co., Inc., First and Miles Streets, Old Forge, Pa., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's trousers).

Burlington Manufacturing Co., Concordia, Mo., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force or 10 learners, whichever is greater (pants, shirts, jackets).

C. & S. Sportswear Co., Eleventh and Pine Streets, Philipsburg, Pa., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sport shirts).

Carthage Corp., Carthage, Miss., effective 3-29-53 to 3-28-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work pants, ladies' dungarees).

Clearfield Sportswear Co., Clearfield, Pa., effective 3-26-53 to 3-25-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sportswear—jackets).

Clearfield Sportswear Co., Inc., Meadows Street, Curwensville, Pa., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sport shirts).

Columbus Manufacturing Co., Inc., Tabor City, N. C., effective 4-1-53 to 9-30-53; 60 learners for expansion purposes (boys' shirts).

I. M. Dach Underwear Co., 301-311 North Jackson Street, Jackson, Mich., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' flannelette sleeping garments).

Dickson-Jenkins Manufacturing Co., 202-208 St. Louis Avenue, Fort Worth, Tex., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (pants, shirts, jackets, shorts).

Duti-Duds, Inc., 1117 Clay Street, Lynchburg, Va., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 learners (nurses' maids' uniforms).

Edgefield Shirt Co., Inc., Swainsboro, Ga., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 5 learners (men's cotton work clothing).

Empire Manufacturing Corp., Statesville, N. C., effective 4-8-53 to 4-7-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (hunting clothing).

Enterprise Manufacturing Co., Inc., Enterprise, Ala., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress shirts).

Esther Sportswear, Inc., 8 Loring Street, Lawrence, Mass., effective 3-25-53 to 3-24-54; 3 learners (ladies' sportswear).

The Hercules Trouser Co., Hillsboro, Ohio, effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' single pants).

The Hercules Trouser Co., Manchester, Ohio, effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' single pants).

The Hercules Trouser Co., Wellston, Ohio, effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' single pants).

G. H. Hess, Inc., 211 West Main Street, Louisville, Ohio, effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 learners (ladies' dresses).

Hortex Manufacturing Co., Inc., 117 West Overland Street, El Paso, Tex., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (juvenile sportswear).

Jasper Brassiere Co., Inc., Bankhead Farmsteads, Route 5, Jasper, Ala., effective 3-27-53 to 8-25-53; 50 additional learners for expansion purposes (brassieres) supplemental certificate).

The Jay Garment Co., Brookville, Ind., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 learners (children's cotton overalls).

The Jay Garment Co., Portland, Ind., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's cotton work clothing).

Katz Underwear Co., Sixth Street and Sunrise Avenue, Plants, Honesdale, Pa., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (women's and children's nightgowns, pajamas and slips).

Keystone Mills, Inc., 325 South Lancaster Street, Annville, Pa., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton polo shirts).

Lee Manufacturing Co., Inc., 247 South Main Street, Pittston, Pa., effective 4-7-53 to 4-6-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' and children's dresses).

Linwood Mills, Inc., Lafayette, Ga., effective 4-2-53 to 4-1-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sport shirts).

Logan Manufacturing Co., North Main Street, Russellville, Ky., effective 4-4-53 to 4-3-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work pants).

M & S Company, Inc., 2607 DeSiard Street, Monroe, La., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' dress pants).

Miller Bros., 1619 Preston Avenue, Houston, Tex., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton work clothes).

Mitchell Garment Co., Inc., West Third Street, Farmville, Va., effective 3-26-53 to 3-25-54; 5 learners (children's cotton wash dresses).

Mode O'Day Corp., Fourth and Main, Ottawa, Kans., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton and rayon dresses).

Mode O'Day Corp., 59 South First W., Logan, Utah, effective 4-3-53 to 4-2-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton house and street dresses).

Parcraft Shirt Co., Decatur Highway, Moulton, Ala., effective 3-27-53 to 9-26-53; 35 learners for expansion purposes (sport shirts).

Peerless Sportswear Manufacturing Co., 324 South Main Street, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., effective 3-28-53 to 3-27-54; 10 learners (boys' cotton and rayon longies).

Quality Sewn Products, Inc., Royston, Ga., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's sport shirts).

Fay Reese Fashions, Pilot Point, Tex., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 learners. This certificate does not authorize the employment of learners at subminimum wage rates engaged in the production of skirts (women's sportswear).

The Richman Bros. Co., Sixth and Main Streets, Sturgis, Ky., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 learners (men's single pants).

S. Roberts, Inc., Ridgeland, S. C., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 learners (cotton dresses).

Royal Manufacturing Co., Inc., Sandersville, Ga., effective 3-26-53 to 3-25-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' woven shirts).

J. H. Rutter-Rex Manufacturing Co., Inc., Franklinton, La., effective 3-27-53 to 9-15-53; 65 additional learners for expansion purposes (work pants) (supplemental certificate).

Sancar Corp., 28 West Rock Street, Harrisonburg, Va., effective 3-28-53 to 3-27-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' underwear).

Shroyer Dress Co., 315 North Water Street, Selinsgrove, Pa., effective 3-26-53 to 9-25-53; 20 learners for expansion purposes (women's and misses' dresses).

Southland Manufacturing Co., Inc., 1510 South Third St., Wilmington, N. C., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress and sport shirts).

Stafford-Hayes, Inc., 402 South State Street, Clarks Summit, Pa., effective 3-26-53 to 3-25-54; 10 learners. This certificate does not authorize the employment of learners at subminimum wage rates in the manufacture of skirts (ladies' dresses, blouses, sportswear).

Stapleton Garment Co., Stapleton, Ga., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (Army fatigue trousers, sport trousers).

Star Sportswear Manufacturing Co., 378 Broad Street, Lynn, Mass., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' leather and cloth jackets).

Levi Strauss & Co., 220 North Houston Avenue, Denison, Tex., effective 4-1-53 to 3-31-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (denim waist band cotton pants, denim cotton jackets).

Sylvania Garment Co., Inc., Sylvania, Ga., effective 4-1-53 to 9-30-53; 75 learners for expansion purposes (men's sport shirts).

Thorntown Textile Co., Thorntown, Ind., effective 3-30-53 to 3-29-54; 10 learners (cotton blouses).

Topkins Bros. Co., Corbin, Ky., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sports shirts and sport jackets).

Tree City Togs, Inc., 220 East Main Street, Greensburg, Ind., effective 3-28-53 to 3-27-54; 10 learners (cotton wash dresses).

Tru-fit Trousers, Traverse City, Mich., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 10 learners (single pants and vests).

Washco Corp., Millry, Ala., effective 3-28-53 to 3-27-54; 10 learners (sport shirts).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised November 19, 1951, 16 F. R. 10733)

Burgess-Knit Hosiery Mill, Village of Kimball, Tenn., effective 3-31-53 to 3-30-54; 5 learners.

Dapper Hosiery Mills, Inc., 110 Henry Street, Clinton, S. C., effective 3-27-53 to 3-26-54; 5 learners.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952; 16 F. R. 12866).

Dutchess Underwear Corp., Old Forge, Pa., effective 3-31-53 to 9-30-53; 20 learners for expansion purposes (ladies' knit underwear and sleeping garments).

Empire Manufacturing Corp., Statesville, N. C., effective 4-8-53 to 4-7-54; 5 learners in the production of knitted wear products only (knit wear).

Holeproof Hosiery Co., Luxite Division, Milwaukee 1, Wis., effective 4-7-53 to 4-6-54; 5 percent of the productive factory force (women's underwear and sleepwear).

Holeproof Hosiery Co., Luxite Division, Cullman, Ala., effective 4-4-53 to 4-3-54; 5 percent of the productive factory force (women's underwear and sleepwear).

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14)

Glen L. Evans, Inc., 306 Paynter Avenue, Caldwell, Idaho, effective 4-10-53 to 10-9-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force; fly tiers; 320 hours; 65 cents per hour for the first 160 hours and 70 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours (fishing tackle).

J. H. Grady Manufacturing Co., Licking, Mo., effective 3-26-53 to 9-25-53; 30 learners for expansion purposes; hand and machine sewers, baseball makers and moulders only; 480 hours; 65 cents per hour for the first 240 hours and 70 cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours (athletic equipment).

The following special learner certificates were issued in Puerto Rico to the companies hereinafter named. The effective and expiration dates, the number of learners, the learner occupations, the length of the learning period and the learner wage rates are indicated, respectively.

Elgee, Inc., Rio Piedras, P. R., effective 3-19-53 to 9-18-53; 13 learners; stone setting and painting on hair barrettes and stone setting on plastic combs; 160 hours at 36 cents per hour (flower setting and painting on hair barrettes and stone setting on plastic combs).

Maremont Manufacturing Corp., Bayamon, P. R., effective 3-23-53 to 9-22-53; 30 learners; manufacture of leaf spring for motor vehicles; 213 hours at 33 cents per hour, 213 hours at 40 cents per hour, 214 hours at 47 cents per hour (manufacture of leaf spring for motor vehicles).

V'Soske Corp. of Puerto Rico, Inc., Vega Baja, P. R., effective 3-19-53 to 7-2-53; 20 learners; machine tufters (machine stitchers); 180 hours at 30 cents per hour, 180 hours at 35 cents per hour (machine tufting of rugs) (replacement certificate).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of March 1953.

MILTON BROOKE,  
Authorized Representative  
of the Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 53-2929; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:47 a. m.]

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 10274]

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

### ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In the matter of the Western Union Telegraph Company, Docket No. 10274; new and increased charges for tickers furnished in connection with leased facilities.

The Commission having under consideration a motion, filed by the American Stock Exchange, an intervenor herein, on March 26, 1953, requesting that the further hearing in the above-entitled proceeding now scheduled for April 7, 1953, be postponed until April 21, 1953, because counsel for the movant has other commitments on the scheduled date; and

It appearing, that counsel for all parties to the proceeding have informally agreed to waive the notice and time of filing requirements of the rules and to the postponement herein requested, and that the granting thereof will conduce to the orderly dispatch of the Commission's business; now therefore,

It is ordered, This 31st day of March 1953, that the motion is granted, and the hearing in this proceeding, now sched-

uled for April 7, 1953, is continued to April 21, 1953, at Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2943; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:50 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10388, 10390, 10391, 10443]

PAGE BOY, INC. ET AL.

### ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re applications of Page Boy, Inc., New York, New York, Docket No. 10388, File No. 1142-C2-P-52; Vale Corporation, Inc., Newark, New Jersey, Docket No. 10390, File No. 197-C2-P-53; New York Technical Institute of Cincinnati, Inc., North Bergen, New Jersey, Docket No. 10391, File No. 224-C2-P-53; Abraham Klein, New York, New York, Docket No. 10443, File No. 938-C2-P-53; for construction permits for one-way signaling stations in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of March 1953;

The Commission, having under consideration its order of February 4, 1953, designating for hearing the above-entitled applications in Dockets Nos. 10388, 10389, 10390, and 10391, and also having under consideration the above-entitled application of Abraham Klein; and

It appearing, that the application of Abraham Klein requests the same frequency as the other applications herein for use in the same geographic area, and that the frequency so requested is the only frequency available for such use in this area; and

It further appearing, that applicant has waived transmittal of the notification prior to designation for hearing prescribed by section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, That the application of Abraham Klein is designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding with the other applications herein, to be held at the time and place specified in the Commission's order of February 4, 1953, herein, on the issues specified therein; Provided, however, that Issue No. 2 in said order is amended to include Abraham Klein.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2940; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10397, 10398, 10399]

WALTER F. CORBIN ET AL.

### ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Walter F. Corbin, San Francisco, California, Docket No.

10397, File No. 1322-C2-P-52; Wm. B. Dolph, Hope D. Pettey, Elizabeth M. Bingham, D. Worth Clark, Helen S. Mark, Glenna G. Dolph, E. P. Franklin and Alice H. Lewis, d/b as KJBS Broadcasters, San Francisco, California, Docket No. 10398, File No. 222-C2-P-53; Grant R. Wrathall, San Francisco, California, Docket No. 10399, File No. 241-C2-P-53; for construction permits for one-way signaling stations in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service.

There being under consideration a motion, filed by the Acting Chief, Common Carrier Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, on March 27, 1953, to postpone the hearing now scheduled for April 6, 1953, until a date on or after May 5, 1953, movant asserting (1) that it would appear desirable to postpone the hearing until the Commission has had an opportunity to rule on a petition to move the hearing in Docket Nos. 10401 etc., involving similar applications in Los Angeles, to the West Coast, since, if the Commission grants that petition it may also consider it desirable to move the hearing in the instant proceeding to the West Coast, and (2) that because of the procedure which must be followed under section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, it is not possible to designate for consolidated hearing herein on April 6 a competing application filed on March 5, 1953, the statutory 30-day notice having been transmitted to that applicant on March 16, 1953, and a reply not yet having been received;

It appearing, that the other parties hereto have orally consented to the consideration of the motion prior to the expiration of the 4-day period provided for in § 1.745 of the rules, and have no objection to a continuance to May 5; and that good cause has been shown for the requested continuance;

It is ordered, This 30th day of March 1953, that the foregoing motion to postpone hearing is granted, and that the hearing herein, now scheduled for April 6, 1953, is continued to May 5, 1953, at Washington, D. C., beginning at 9 a. m.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2942; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10401, 10402, 10439]

AMERICAN TELEPHONE ANSWERING  
SERVICE ET AL.

### ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

In re applications of Lyman G. Berg, d/b as American Telephone Answering Service, Physicians Exchange, Radio Message Service and Television Answering Service, Long Beach, California, Docket No. 10401, File No. 111-C2-P-53; New York Technical Institute of Cincinnati, Inc., Mt. Wilson, California, Docket No. 10402, File No. 141-C2-P-53; Thomas W. Wing and Kathleen Wing, d/b as Radio Paging Company, Mt. Wilson, California, Docket No. 10439, File

No. 787-C2-P-53,<sup>1</sup> for construction permits for one-way signaling stations in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service.

The Commission, having under consideration its order of February 4, 1953, in the above-entitled matter, whereby the hearing was scheduled for March 30, 1953; a motion of Thomas W. Wing and Kathleen Wing, d/b as Radio Paging Company, filed March 20, 1953, requesting continuance of the hearing until a date not earlier than April 20, 1953, an opposition thereto filed by New York Technical Institute of Cincinnati, Inc., and statements with respect thereto filed by Lyman G. Berg and the Acting Chief of the Commission's Common Carrier Bureau; and

It appearing, that the Commission should have an opportunity to consider further, in advance of the hearing, a petition now pending which seeks to have the place of the hearing changed; and

It further appearing, that the examiner assigned to preside at the hearing will not be available on March 30, 1953, the date on which the hearing is now scheduled;

It is ordered, This 26th day of March 1953, that the hearing herein presently scheduled for March 30, 1953, is postponed indefinitely.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2941; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10442]

VERSLUIS RADIO AND TELEVISION, INC.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of Versluis Radio and Television, Inc., Muskegon, Michigan, Docket No. 10442, File No. BPCT-1208; for a construction permit for a new television broadcast station.

1. The Commission upon its own motion has reconsidered its action of February 5, 1953 (FCC 53-141) dismissing the protest of Music Broadcasting Company to the grant on December 23, 1952 (FCC 52-1643) of the above-entitled application. The Commission has considered further the protest, and the motion to dismiss the protest filed by Versluis Radio and Television, Inc., and has taken official notice of the papers on file with the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit in the consolidated action now pending in that Court for review of the Commission's orders herein.<sup>2</sup> In addition, the Commission has reviewed the legislative history of section 309 (c) of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended, and the relevant judicial precedents.

2. In light of its reconsideration, the Commission concludes that the protest filed by Music contains allegations sufficient to indicate that Music, as the licensee of a standard broadcast station at Grand Rapids, Michigan, will be economically injured by the proposed operations of the applicant, and is therefore "a party in interest" within the meaning of section 309 (c) of the act. The Commission adheres to the view that the term "party in interest" is a limited one, and that the case of Federal Communications Commission v. Sanders Bros. Radio Station, 309 U.S. 470, establishes the boundaries of the category of persons who may be considered parties in interest because of economic injury. But the Commission is of the view that Music's allegations bring it within that category.

3. In view of the foregoing, It is ordered, That the order of February 5, 1953 (FCC 53-141) dismissing Music's protest to the grant of the above-entitled application is rescinded.

4. The Commission finds and determines that the aforesaid protest meets the requirements of section 309 (c) that a hearing must be held on the Versluis application upon the matters put in issue by said protest, and that the burden of proof as to each of such issues shall be on the protestant. Accordingly, It is further ordered, That the subject application is designated for hearing on April 22, 1953, at the offices of the Commission in Washington, D. C., before an examiner to be determined by further order on the following issues:

(1) To determine whether it would be inconsistent with the purposes of the Commission's rules governing the television broadcast service to authorize operation at the site proposed by the subject application of a television station on Channel 35, assigned to Muskegon, Michigan.

(2) To determine whether the balance sheets filed by the applicant with the Commission on June 27, 1951, and July 13, 1951, contained false information.

(3) To determine whether the circumstances of applicant's transfer of license for Station WOOD-TV Grand Rapids, Michigan, establishes that the applicant lacks the necessary character qualifications to be a television licensee.

(4) To determine, in the light of the evidence adduced on the foregoing issues, whether the grant of the subject application should be vacated.

Effective immediately, and pending the final determination of the above hearing, the effectiveness of the action of December 23, 1952 (FCC 52-1643) granting the subject application is postponed.

Adopted: March 23, 1953.

Released: March 23, 1953.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS  
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2939; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:49 a. m.]

<sup>2</sup>Commissioner Bartley's dissenting opinion filed as part of the original document.

## FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6478]

CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC POWER CO.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK

APRIL 1, 1953.

Notice is hereby given that on April 1, 1953, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered March 31, 1953, authorizing issuance of common stock in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2922; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-2038]

CINCINNATI GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER TERMINATING PROCEEDING

APRIL 1, 1953.

Notice is hereby given that on April 1, 1953, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered March 31, 1953, terminating proceeding in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2923; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:46 a. m.]

## HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

Public Housing Administration

CHIEFS OF CONSTRUCTION

DESCRIPTION OF AGENCY AND PROGRAMS AND  
FINAL DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Section III, Field Organization and Final Delegations of Authority, is amended as follows:

Subparagraph 1 is added as follows:

1. Delegations of authority to chiefs of construction:

1. With respect to locally owned low-rent projects to approve formal change orders which modify the requirements of contracts for main construction, demolition, landscaping, or the furnishing of movable equipment.

Date approved: March 31, 1953.

[SEAL] JOHN TAYLOR EGAN,  
Commissioner

[F. R. Doc. 53-2986; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:46 a. m.]

FIELD ORGANIZATION

DESCRIPTION OF AGENCY AND PROGRAMS AND  
FINAL DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Section III, Field Organization and Final Delegations of Authority, is amended as follows:

Subparagraph 2 is added to paragraph k as follows:

2. With respect to locally owned low-rent projects to approve formal change

<sup>1</sup>Music Broadcasting Company v. Federal Communications Commission, Case No. 11717; Music Broadcasting Company v. United States and Federal Communications Commission, Case No. 11718.

orders which modify the requirements of contracts for main construction, demolition, landscaping, or the furnishing of movable equipment.

Date approved: March 31, 1953.

[SEAL] JOHN TAYLOR EGAN,  
Commissioner

[F. R. Doc. 53-2924; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:46 a. m.]

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-3237]

ADOLF GOBEL, INC.

### ORDER SUMMARILY SUSPENDING TRADING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 1st day of April A. D. 1953.

The Commission by order adopted March 13, 1953, pursuant to section 19 (a) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, having summarily suspended trading in the \$1.00 par value common stock of Adolf Gobel, Inc. on the American Stock Exchange for a period of ten days from that date, and on March 20, 1953, entered an order summarily suspending trading in that stock for a period of ten days effective at the opening of the trading session on said Exchange on March 23, 1953, in order to prevent fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative acts or practices; and

The Commission being of the opinion that the public interest requires the summary suspension of trading in such security on that Exchange and that such action is necessary and appropriate for the protection of investors; and

The Commission being of the opinion that such suspension is necessary in order to prevent fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative acts or practices, with the result that it will be unlawful under section 15 (c) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Commission's Rule X-1502-2 thereunder for any broker or dealer to make use of the mails or of any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to effect any transaction in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of, such security otherwise than on a national securities exchange.

*It is ordered*, Pursuant to section 19 (a) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that trading in said securities on the American Stock Exchange be summarily suspended in order to prevent fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative acts or practices, effective at the opening of the trading session on said Exchange on April 2, 1953, for a period of ten days.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2926; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 54-183]

### EASTERN UTILITIES ASSOCIATES

#### ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN ACCOUNTING ENTRIES

APRIL 1, 1953.

The Commission, on December 18, 1952, having issued its order (Holding Company Act Release No. 11625) approving Amended Reorganization Plan No. 4 ("Plan") under section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 submitted by Eastern Utilities Associates ("EUA") a registered holding company, such plan providing for the issuance by EUA of 989,407,062 new \$10 par value common shares to be allocated between the holders of its presently outstanding common and convertible shares and for certain other transactions;

Said order having approved said plan subject to certain terms and conditions and reservations of jurisdiction including a reservation of jurisdiction over the appropriateness of the accounting entries to be made in recording the transactions under the plan and incident to the consummation thereof;

EUA having now filed certain proposed accounting entries recording certain transactions under the plan as of January 31, 1953, and having requested that the Commission approve such entries and release jurisdiction with respect thereto; and

The Commission having considered the record and having concluded that the accounting entries proposed to be recorded on EUA's books as of January 31, 1953, are appropriate and that the jurisdiction over such entries should be released:

*It is ordered*, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over such accounting entries proposed to be recorded on EUA's books as of January 31, 1953 be, and hereby is, released.

*It is further ordered*, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved, and not herein or heretofore released by order, be and the same hereby is, continued.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2927; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-3030]

### CONSOLIDATED NATURAL GAS CO. ET AL.

#### NOTICE REGARDING PROPOSED ISSUANCE AND SALE OF PROMISSORY NOTES BY PARENT COMPANY TO BANKS AND ISSUANCE OF NOTES BY SUBSIDIARIES TO PARENT

APRIL 1, 1953.

In the matter of Consolidated Natural Gas Company, Hope Natural Gas Company, New York State Natural Gas Corporation; File No. 70-3030.

Notice is hereby given that a joint application-declaration has been filed

with this Commission, pursuant to section 6, 7, 9 (a) 10 and 12 (f) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), and Rule U-45 promulgated thereunder by Consolidated Natural Gas Company ("Consolidated") a registered holding company, and by its public utility subsidiary, Hope Natural Gas Company ("Hope") and by its non-utility subsidiary, New York State Natural Gas Corporation ("New York Natural").

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than April 13, 1953, at 5:30 p. m., e. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law raised by said application-declaration proposed to be controverted, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after April 13, 1953 said application-declaration, as filed or as amended, may be granted and permitted to become effective as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

All interested persons are referred to said application-declaration which is on file in the office of this Commission for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

Consolidated proposes to borrow \$10,000,000 from one or more banks on or about April 25, 1953, on a commercial note or notes, without collateral, and at an interest rate of 3 percent, maturing one year from the date of borrowing, with the right of Consolidated to prepay the loan at any time.

Consolidated proposes to make short-term loans at the same rate of interest, to two of its subsidiaries, in the following amounts:

Hope Natural Gas Co.	\$4,500,000
New York State Natural Gas Corp.	5,500,000
	10,000,000

Such loans to subsidiaries will mature on or before the date of maturity of the said borrowing proposed by Consolidated. The proceeds of said loans will be used to purchase storage gas which will be held to meet customers' demands during the winter of 1953-1954.

The application-declaration states that the order of the Public Service Commission of West Virginia approving the proposed issuance and sale of notes by Hope will be supplied by amendment.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-2925; Filed, Apr. 6, 1953;  
8:46 a. m.]



